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1925

NINETY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1925





### NINETY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD

TO THE

**STOCKHOLDERS** 

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1925

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BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD will be held on Wednesday, April 14, 1926, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, in the President's Room, 11 North Station, Boston, Massachusetts, for the following purposes:

- I. To hear and act upon the report of the Directors.
- II. To fix the number of Directors and to elect Directors for the ensuing year.

By order of the Directors,

ARTHUR B. NICHOLS, Clerk.

Boston, Mass., March 9, 1926.

# BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD

### **DIRECTORS**

*NORMAN	V L. BASSETT .									٠			١.				AUGUSTA, ME.
	C. BAYLIES .																Taunton, Mass.
	L. BATCHELDE																MEDFORD, MASS.
	D BILLINGS .																
																	Springfield, Mass.
																	Manchester, N. H.
																	Manchester, Mass.
	H. DUDLEY .																
	MARTIN HOPKI																,
																	WINCHESTER, MASS.
ALBA M.	IDE	٠	٠	٠				٠	٠				٠				Troy, N. Y.
LOUIS K	. LIGGETT	٠								٠							Newton, Mass.
HOMER	LORING																ASHLAND, MASS.
† EDWARI	LOVERING .									. *		٠.		٧.			Taunton, Mass.
GEORGE	von L. MEYER			٠													HAMILTON, MASS.
WALTER	M. PARKER									. "					٠	٠	MANCHESTER, N. H.
W. RODN	MAN PEABODY																
	NELSON PERK																
† HARRY																	
‡ FRANK																	
JAMES I	DUNCAN UPHAM	1		:	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	•			٠				CLAREMONT, N. H.
WILLIAN	A D. WOOLSON																SPRINGFIELD, VT.
4 70 1 1	3.5 10 1005																

<sup>\*</sup> Resigned May 12, 1925 \*\* Elected November 10, 1925 \*\*\* Resigned October 13, 1925 † Resigned March 9, 1926 ‡ Elected May 12, 1925

# BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD

# LIST OF OFFICERS

# CORPORATE AND EXECUTIVE

J. H. HUSTIS, PRESIDENT.

HOMER LORING, CHAIRMAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

H. R. WHEELER, TREASURER.

A. B. NICHOLS, CLERK OF CORPORATION.

### FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING

WM. J. HOBBS, VICE-PRESIDENT.

H. R. WHEELER, TREASURER.

W. S. TROWBRIDGE, COMPTROLLER.

#### OPERATING '

B. R. POLLOCK, VICE-PRESIDENT AND GENERAL MANAGER.

D. S. BRIGHAM, ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER.

JOHN ROURKE, GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT.

S. E. MILLER, GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

W. O. FORMAN, MECHANICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

W. J. BACKES, Engineer Maintenance of Way.

W. Y. SCOTT, SIGNAL ENGINEER.

#### **TRAFFIC**

### GERRIT FORT, VICE-PRESIDENT.

W. T. LAMOURE, FREIGHT ASSISTANT.

F. T. GRANT, PASSENGER ASSISTANT.

W. O. WRIGHT, GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT.

F. F. FARRAR, GENERAL FREIGHT AGENT.

J. R. MACANANNY, GENERAL FREIGHT AGENT.

#### LAW

A. P. MACKINNON, GENERAL SOLICITOR.

### **ENGINEERING**

F. C. SHEPHERD, CHIEF CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER.

### PURCHASES AND STORES

A. W. MUNSTER, Purchasing Agent.

OFFICES-Boston, Mass.

# NINETY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

To the Stockholders of the Boston and Maine Railroad:

Foreword The circumstances surrounding the operation of the Boston and Maine Railroad in recent years have made it advisable to render to stockholders information regarding the operation of their property in greater detail than is customary in such reports.

Stockholders select for the direction and management of their properties those in whom they have confidence, and the strictly managerial duties must of necessity be left to those so selected. Yet there is a close interest by stockholders, and by the public, in the policies and the methods under which this public service of transportation is performed. Your management has endeavored consistently to inform stockholders and the public alike. This has been done both as a matter of obligation, and in the belief that an active interest by stockholders, and a knowledge of the facts by the public, may do much to advance the efforts of your management to meet the problems of the road.

Railroads, while financed with private capital, are no longer private operations. On the contrary, they are controlled largely through laws, Federal and State, and through regulations having the effect of law. The success or failure of our railroad operations thus is affected to a large extent by the application of these laws and regulations, the enactment of which usually reflects public opinion. There have grown up also in recent years organized public groups, — local, state and national, such as Chambers of Commerce, Boards of Trade, groups of shippers, of consumers, etc., — whose views and policies have entered largely into shaping the limitations and the privileges of organized transportation.

It is a matter of satisfaction that the public attitude is more helpful today to the efforts of railroad managements to operate these properties in the interest of the public and of stockholders, than for many years.

That the railroads performing this public service must be adequately supported by the public, which they serve, is fundamental. In recent years it has been increasingly realized that only with such adequate support can adequate service be given; also that stockholders whose private funds are employed in these public service activities are entitled to a fair return on their investment.

This property for more than a decade has been devoted more nearly to the performance of a public service than to the production of profits on the capital employed.

It is essential now that a condition of credit be restored.

At the moment, one of the problems confronting this railroad and the railroads of the country is the fact that the present improved financial showing has prompted demands for expensive and unproductive undertakings,—projects desirable in themselves, yet carrying potential handicaps to making this improvement permanent. Among these undertakings are grade crossing elimination, long dormant but now being revived, and automatic train control, already involving expenditures by the railroads generally running into the millions. Requests for wage increases are now being presented; downward rate adjustments are being urged; and railway taxes are showing a steady increase from year to year.

The continued loss of passenger and freight revenues under conditions of automobile development and motor duplication of railway services on the public highway is another problem involving diversion of large sums annually.

These and other problems must be met, and they can be met to best advantage by an informed body of stock-holders and by an informed public opinion.

While public service must be kept to the fore, it may well be that the stockholder by informing himself more fully as to the facts in connection with the Railroad's problems, by thinking more deeply on the subject, can assist in extending the realization by the public of the many elements of mutual interest which are involved in this public service of transportation which after all is a business entitled to a fair return on the capital invested.

Operating
Results
The results for 1925 include the operations of the Vermont Valley Railroad and of the Sullivan
County Railroad, the capital stock of which is owned by the Boston and Maine Railroad, and the
figures for the previous year have been stated on the same basis so as to afford a proper comparison.

While 1925 shows a marked improvement in financial results and operating efficiency on railroads generally over 1924 and the years following the end of Federal control, the improvement on the Boston and Maine is even more marked because of circumstances, referred to in succeeding paragraphs, under which it was accomplished.

The Net Income (after Fixed Charges) for the year 1925 was \$5,468,909 as compared with \$2,107,739 for the year 1924, an increase of \$3,361,170.

The operating revenues for railroads generally increased about 3.3% or approximately \$199,000,000, of which about \$150,266,000 or 75% was added to "Net Railway Operating Income," (the balance before the addition of "Other Income" and the deduction of fixed charges). On the Boston and Maine the operating revenues increased about 1.4%, or \$1,142,052, while by reason of a reduction in expenses, the amount added to "Net Railway Operating Income" was two and one-half times that amount, or \$2,863,475.

Taking into consideration the inclusion of the Vermont Valley Railroad and Sullivan County Railroad operations with the Boston and Maine figures for 1925, and placing the figures for previous years on a similar basis, the Net Income for 1925 was unequalled in the history of the Road. Even after allowing for the reduction in fixed charges by the consolidation of important leased lines in 1919, as a consequence of which leased line rentals were reduced approximately \$2,500,000 per annum by the substitution of first preferred stock, the 1925 results were better than in any preceding year with the sole exception of 1916, when war traffic conditions prevailed and the disadvantages of higher operating costs had not reached their height.

The explanation of the conditions under which these accomplishments were gained is found in a combination of causes and circumstances to which brief reference should be made.

Capital expenditures to improve the plant facilities from year to year (amounting to more than fifty millions of dollars since 1914) have contributed materially to efficient operation and with increasing effectiveness as succeeding improvements supplemented those made previously.

The recovery from the effects of the shopmen's strike in 1922, and the continued improvement in the morale, not only in the shop forces but in the forces generally, have been favorable influences on the net results.

The improved divisions of freight rates obtained from connecting lines in 1924, some of which did not become effective until the latter part of that year, applied throughout 1925.

Satisfactory weather conditions, larger freight revenues and lower prices for locomotive fuel, together with improved efficiency in other directions, have all had their part in the year's record. The general range of prices of material and supplies, with the exception of locomotive fuel, did not change materially over the previous year.

The operating ratio for 1925 and 1924 (revised), subdivided between the general groups of operating expenses, gives the measure of increased efficiencies and economies as indicated below:

	1925	1924
Maintenance of Way and Structures	19 50%	19 7%
Maintenance of Equipment	19.5	20.5
Traffic.		0.9
Transportation		42.8
Miscellaneous		0.3
General	3.6	3.5
Total	77.2	80.7

A number of new records were made in 1925.

Transportation expenses were reduced more than \$1,600,000 in the face of an increased freight business, and notwithstanding a full year's effect of wage increases to train service employees granted in May, 1924. The ratio of transportation expenses to operating revenues was the lowest in the history of the present Boston and Maine Railroad.

With a new high record in train loading, and at the same time an improvement in freight train speed, the ton miles per train hour were better than ever before. Coupled with this freight train performance was an improvement

in the handling of freight cars in yards, etc., with the result that the car miles per day (and it should be understood that this includes all cars, serviceable and unserviceable, in transit, in yards, loading and unloading) reached 21.1 miles for 1925. In the period of 19 years for which this unit has been recorded, it has never before reached an average of 20 miles sustained throughout a year. The best record for a month was reached in August, 1925 (22.21 miles).

By reason of these new high performances in the handling of freight traffic, the freight train miles for the year 1925 were the lowest on record, and service more satisfactory than in many years.

The units of fuel consumption per 1000 gross ton miles in freight service and per locomotive mile and per passenger car mile in passenger service were lower than in the past five years or more.

The average number of freight cars on the line daily in 1925 was the lowest shown by records kept for 19 years, although the freight traffic was larger in 1925 than in all but six years of that period. The percentage of unserviceable cars was 9.0 in 1925 as compared with 11.4 in 1924.

Effective July 1, 1925, an arrangement was made between the Boston and Maine and the New Haven Railroads for the joint use of the freight equipment of the two roads, with the exception of refrigerator cars. This arrangement has been of mutual advantage to both roads, as well as to the shippers.

In addition to the improvement in the use of fuel, there was a reduction in fuel prices. The net result was that the locomotive fuel expense for 1925 was only 7.9% of the operating revenues as against 9.3% in 1924, and 12.2% in 1923.

In this connection, the Department of Public Utilities of Massachusetts, in its report for the year ended November 30, 1925, said "The locomotive (smoke) violations show a gratifying decrease, being less than half the number observed last year."

For the entire year 1925, 91.2% of the passenger trains were on time, the best performance since 1915, with the exception of 1921.

In connection with the reduction in the ratio of maintenance of equipment expenses from 20.5% in 1924 to 19.5% in 1925, it is to be noted that the condition of the equipment is better than it has been for a number of years. In spite of a reduction in the total number of units owned, the serviceable locomotives throughout the year averaged a higher number than for any year since 1920. The locomotive failures were fewer in number, and the locomotive mileage between failures was greater than for more than 10 years.

Very little change is shown in the ratio of maintenance of way and structures expenses. During 1925 the expenses were charged with 993,757 cross ties, of which 495,380 or 50% had been crossoted at the Nashua Tie Treating Plant. Corresponding figures for the previous year totaled 964,381 of which 258,398 or 27% were treated. In 1925 new rail was installed to the amount of 14,112 tons, and relay rail to the amount of 19,755 tons as compared with 14,888 and 14,176 respectively for previous year.

Additions and During the year there was charged for additions and betterments an amount of \$2,104,905.71 of which \$751,404.82 covered new or improved equipment. Land sales and retirements of equipment and other property amounted to \$3,366,525.93. The net result was a credit of \$1,261,620.22 as shown in Table No. 8.

The other principal items were strengthening the line from East Deerfield to Ayer to permit the operation of Santa Fe type engines between these locations; the construction of new bridges at Haverhill, Mass., Littleton, N. H., Tilton, N. H., and Newport, Vt.; new ice house at Newport, Vt.; water supply at Billerica Shops; ballasting eighteen miles of track; machinery for shops; and labor-saving machinery, including four cranes and a ditching machine for Maintenance of Way Department.

In August, 1925, construction was started on a new general office building located at Lechmere Square, East Cambridge, on land belonging to the railroad, adjoining the tracks of the Southern Division. The building which is now partially occupied, has eight stories; is 50 feet x 305 feet of modern reinforced concrete construction; has steam heat, and a modern air conditioning plant. A cafeteria is located in the basement.

This building has permitted the Railroad to release rented quarters in the Bent Building on Causeway Street, Boston, and to consolidate the forces from that building with forces from the North Station and Fitchburg Buildings at Boston, thereby offering an opportunity of developing commercially such space as is not needed for railroad purposes.

During the year extensive studies have been made in connection with the improvement or development of the Boston Terminal, so as to eventually eliminate or materially reduce the expensive maintenance of the large pile

and trestle areas in the Charles River and Miller's River Basin; also to concentrate freight house facilities and to improve operating conditions, thereby reducing switching costs and car detentions. As a first step, the road has acquired the title not previously held to property adjoining the Miller's River Basin.

Studies have also been made for filling in the Miller's River Basin and as far as possible the larger part of the Charles River between Warren Bridge and Leverett Street, providing for improvement in the channel between Warren Bridge and the Charles River Dam, as well as reduction in number of drawbridges. As a start in this direction, extensive track changes were made, and late in December, 1925, all Southern Division freight facilities, which had been carried on at Minot Street and at East Cambridge, were concentrated in improved yards at East Cambridge so that at the present time Minot Street Yard is entirely closed with the exception of the use of one of the buildings.

It is hoped that a start toward filling in the Miller's River Basin may be made in 1926.

Readjustment As this plan has already been submitted to stockholders at a special meeting which voted formal approval, and as the plan is available in printed form it is unnecessary to restate its provisions in this report. Its success depends upon the voluntary cooperation of the holders of \$81,472,800 of stock and \$43,522,000 of bonds. If the plan is adopted it will constitute an interesting chapter in the history of railroad finance for it will be the largest railroad reorganization in which concessions are demanded of each class of security holder and which is not dependent for success upon the assistance of a court or accomplished through foreclosure of a mortgage or the exercise of the rights of one security holder at the expense of other classes.

The Massachusetts Legislature has already passed appropriate legislation to permit the issue of prior preference stock and to provide for the conversion of bonds into such stock. The holders of more than eighty-five per cent of the stock have already assented to the plan by depositing their stock with the Readjustment Committee. It is hoped that the requisite amount of bonds will have been deposited before the annual meeting. Subscriptions have been received from Stockholders for approximately \$11,200,000 of prior preference stock out of the \$13,000,000 which under the plan is to be issued in order to secure funds adequate for improvements to the property of the Railroad during the next four years. The Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities has already been requested to approve the issue of this prior preference stock and similar approval from the Interstate Commerce Commission will be sought in the near future. The Readjustment Committee hopes that the reorganization plan may become effective in the spring of 1926.

The Readjustment Committee announced on February 25 that it had received from the Syndicate Managers who are associated with the work of reorganization an offer to relinquish all compensation due them for their services and agreements in assisting to carry out the Plan, and from the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, which is a member of the Underwriting Syndicate, an offer to surrender its share of commissions.

Both the Syndicate Managers and the New Haven Railroad are represented on the Readjustment Committee, and it was their opinion and that of the Committee that the carrying out of the Plan was of supreme importance both to the securities holders of the Road and to the public interest. They decided, accordingly, to waive the compensation to which they were entitled, in the belief that it would facilitate the carrying out of the Plan.

The General Readjustment Committee in announcing acceptance of these offers, said that they represented a substantial contribution to the success of the reorganization, to the assets of the Boston and Maine, and to the transportation resources of that great section of northern New England which the railroad serves.

Distribution of The total number of stockholders at the close of 1925 was 13,211, a reduction of 3,097 from the number as of December 31, 1924.

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION OF STOCKHOLDERS, DECEMBER 31, 1925 Total Stock-Total Shares Women Shares Others holders Shares No. in Massachusetts..... 3,142 65,543 5,803 612,403 8,945 677,946 " New Hampshire..... 1,019 14,498 1,143 48,534 2,162 63,032 299 193 2,581 11,126 492 13,707 "Vermont..... 63 469 74 3,012 137 3,481 " New York..... 211 4,820 269 35,336 480 40,156 " Elsewhere..... 506 6,405 489 10,001 995 16,406 8,077 Total.... 5,134 94,316 720,412 13,211 814,728

		ANALYSIS OF HO	OLDINGS		Trusts and	Total
			Women	Men	Corporations	Stockholders
No.	holding	5 shares or less	2,441	1,684	774	4,899
"	66	more than 5 shares and less than 100 shares	2,527	2,185	2,464	7,176
6.6	4.6	100 to 500	156	254	581	991
6.6	44	501 to 1000	7	12	54	73
4.6	66	more than 1000	3	6	63	72
	Total.		5,134	4,141	3,936	13,211

Changes In Funded Debt The funded debt on December 31, 1925 amounted to \$132,049,479, a decrease of \$616,200 since December 31, 1924.

Added:

Mortgage assumed in connection with purchase of real estate at East Cambridge		\$100,000
Paid Off:		
Equipment Trust of 1920, 6% Gold Notes due January 15, 1925	\$454,200	
Equipment Trust of 1922, 5½% Gold Certificates due August 1, 1925	121,000	
Equipment Trust No. 3, 6% Gold Certificates due June 1, 1925	141,000	716,200
Net decrease as above		\$616,200

The funded debt on December 31, 1925, as set forth above includes the following mentioned bonds, which matured during the year but which were not paid off as they are included in the Reorganization Plan and Agreement of September 1, 1925, which provides for their extension for a term of fifteen years from their respective maturities at the uniform rate of 5% per annum:

Boston and Maine Railroad 3½% bonds due February 2, 1925	\$500,000
Fitchburg Railroad Company 4% bonds due May 1, 1925	3,660,000
Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation 3½% bonds due Sept. 1, 1925	500,000

\$4,660,000

Holders of more than 95% of these maturities have already agreed to their extension.

Profit and Loss Account, Table No. 4, the following comments are made with reference to the more important items.

#### Debit Items:

Series "D" bonds purchased with proceeds of a Sinking Fund, \$1,929,000. This was credited to profit and loss in last year's account, and is now transferred to "Funded Debt Retired Through Income and Surplus," a sub-division of Corporate Surplus, as required by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Loss on sale of stock and bonds of the Montreal and Atlantic Railway Company, \$51,000. This investment consisted of 1,013 shares of stock, and bonds of a face value of \$108,000 which were sold to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company in May, 1925. The stock had been received in exchange for bonds of the Southeastern Railway Company (reorganized as the Montreal and Atlantic Railway Company). The bonds had been received in settlement of amount due from the Southeastern Railway Company for sundry accounts outstanding for many years.

Ledger value of stock of Suncook Valley Railroad \$63,060. This stock was formerly owned by the Concord and Montreal Railroad and received by the Boston and Maine at the time of the consolidation in 1919. (See also item regarding Suncook Valley Railroad Extension.)

Amount due from Montpelier and Wells River Railroad \$153,356.60. This is made up of advances for additions and betterments and for operating deficits. The capital stock of that road is owned by the Boston and Maine Railroad and Vermont Valley Railroad, and deficits have accumulated in recent years. The operation of the road was turned over to a local management on January 1, 1926.

St. Johnsbury & Lake Champlain Railroad Company. The amount of \$1,902,902.39 represents accumulated deficits covering a long term of years. The amount of \$364,987.56 is the ledger value of 7,680 shares of preferred

stock and 31,760 shares of common stock. Most of this stock was acquired through the consolidation of the Boston and Lowell Railroad with the Boston and Maine Railroad. The operation of the St. Johnsbury & Lake Champlain Railroad was transferred to a local management on January 1, 1925.

Charge on account of abandonment of branch lines, \$873,354.78. These lines having been abandoned, the ledger value, less estimated salvage, is charged off the books to meet the requirements of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Suncook Valley Railroad Extension property, \$79,813.52. This road was built by the Concord & Montreal Railroad, and taken over by the Boston and Maine in the consolidation of 1919. The branch was operated by the Boston and Maine Railroad in connection with the Suncook Valley Railroad, the latter being held under lease. This lease expired by limitation and the property was returned to the Suncook Valley stockholders, leaving the Extension of four and one-half miles in length which the Boston and Maine could not continue to operate without a considerable loss. The property was sold to the Suncook Valley Railroad together with the 630% shares of Suncook Valley Railroad stock for a nominal consideration.

Stock of Nashua & Acton Railroad, less estimated salvage, \$228,934. This road was recently abandoned by authority of the Interstate Commerce Commission. It was acquired under the Concord & Montreal consolidation. The operation of the road for many years resulted in relatively large deficits.

Portsmouth Electric Railway property, \$322,304.50. The operation of this railway has been abandoned, and transportation is now furnished through bus service by the Boston and Maine Transportation Company.

#### Credit Items:

Profit on Road and Equipment sold, \$246,585.37. This applies largely to the amounts received for sale of real estate in excess of the costs of the properties.

Unexpended net income of Vermont Valley and Sullivan County Railroads, \$1,354,458.84. This represents the accumulated unexpended profits of these roads to December 31, 1924, transferred to the Boston and Maine Railroad in accordance with the provision of the modified contract retroactive to January 1, 1925.

Status of Federal Hearings before the Interstate Commerce Commission in an effort to prove that the Tentative Valuation

Valuation of the property made by the Commission should be materially increased have not yet been completed. Expenditures by the Boston and Maine System up to December 31, 1925, in preparing and furnishing data and continuing records and reports as called for by the Commission itself or its Bureau of Valuation have amounted to \$1,373,133.17.

The Tentative Valuation of the System adjusted to December 31, 1925, is \$282,435,926 as compared with the property investment figure of \$255,843,686 and the outstanding capitalization of \$226,199,370. These figures and the comparable Combined Income Account in Table No. 16 do not include the St. Johnsbury and Lake Champlain Railroad.

The "Net Railway Operating Income" for 1925 amounted to about 4.4% of the Tentative Valuation figure given above.

It is expected that the hearings before the Commission will be completed during 1926.

The bills introduced in Congress at the last session, providing for a reduction in the rate of interest on loans made to the railroads by the government under Sections 207 and 210 of the Transportation Act, having failed of passage, effort is being made in the present Congress to have the debt funded at more favorable terms than the present rate of 6%. Hearings are now being held.

The loan to the Boston and Maine, granted under the Sections referred to, amounts to \$22,735,479, and that under the Federal Control Act to \$25,950,000, the present rate of interest in both instances being 6%.

Status of Branch In April, 1925, the Interstate Commerce Commission authorized the abandonment of the Nashua Line Abandon and Acton Railroad, extending from Nashua, N. H. to North Acton, Mass. a distance of twenty miles, and the discontinuance of four miles between North Acton and Concord Junction, used under a trackage agreement with the New Haven Railroad. After extended hearings, the Interstate Commerce Commission rendered decisions in October, 1925, covering four lines in Massachusetts and seven lines in New Hampshire. Abandonment was authorized in the case of six lines, involving fifty-seven miles of road. Abandonment was not

permitted in the case of five lines covering ninety-nine miles of road. In the case of the Newburyport Branch, however, thirty miles in length, an understanding was reached (through the offices of the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities) by which train service, station service and crossing protection were substantially curtailed, and as a result of this experiment in reduced service, operation of this line has been continued.

The unfavorable decision in the case of certain New Hampshire lines appears to have been based largely on public convenience, and the Commission made no definite finding as to the figures of operating losses submitted by the railroad or the counter claims of the opposition.

In September, 1925, the Boston and Maine filed six additional applications for abandonment, all of which are now pending, with the exception of that covering the Lakeport Branch in New Hampshire. In that case the communities along the line organized committees and after extended conferences with the railroad, agreement was reached by which petition to abandon was withdrawn and the communities agreed to support certain curtailments in train and station service with a view to reducing the loss incurred in the operation of this line. The changes covered by this arrangement were upheld by the New Hampshire Public Service Commission.

With highway conditions being constantly improved, it is believed that some lines which today are considered necessary by communities, can be replaced eventually by motor transportation with substantial economy, and with better service. This situation will be dealt with from time to time as the circumstances warrant.

The Interstate Commerce Commission, after considering one group of applications for abandonment of unprofitable branch lines which have been a burden to the Boston and Maine system, made observations which are important in any consideration of the subject.

"Applications similar to these have come to us from every section of the United States," it was stated by the Commission which referred to these applications as apparently "one of the many indications of disturbance resulting from the advent of the automobile and other new industrial forces. The steam railroad," it was added "is laboring under conditions which resemble in certain respects those encountered by the stage coach when the steam railroad came into the field.

"It will be admitted that people are entitled to the best and cheapest transportation they can get, and that they themselves must decide what is best and what is cheapest, all things considered. If people prefer to tax themselves to build great highways and to use commercial trucks and passenger vehicles in preference to the steam railroad, they have a right to their decision, but they must also assume the responsibilities, with the attendant consequences, of that decision.

"The people of New England understand the importance to them of the Boston and Maine Railroad. This railroad and the people it serves are peculiarly interdependent and in these abandonment cases there must be kept constantly in view the necessity for the preservation of as much as possible of the present mileage in the service of the greatest number of the people.

"The evidence seems to be conclusive that not a few of the lines which it is now proposed to abandon should never have been built. Under present conditions they would not be built. At the time of their projection as independent enterprises it seems to have been understood that some of them were built for purely competitive or strategic reasons."

The Commission said that irrespective of the origin of an existing line, people gather about it and abandonment brings about hardships, in some instances very great, and in other cases negligible.

"The important thing," however, the Commission held, "is the vitality of the present Boston and Maine system. Not only New Hampshire but all New England needs that system. The serious and difficult problem is how to sustain both the railroad system and New England territory as a whole without undue hardship on particular territories.

"Benefits to the system of particular abandonments must be weighed against the inconveniences and losses which those abandonments will inflict upon the communities immediately affected. Benefits to particular communities of continued operation must be weighed against the burdens and retarding effect of such operation upon the development of the Boston and Maine system as a whole. . . .

"It is evident that the road must not be deprived of any legitimate and proper means of improving its present financial condition to the end that it may efficiently serve the public and protect the interest of those who have invested in its securities. It is to the advantage of all the people that its credit should be improved."

The present status of abandonment applications is indicated by the following statement:

# STATUS OF ABANDONMENT PROCEEDINGS BROUGHT UNDER THE TRANSPORTATION ACT

#### MILEAGE

						Total
		Granted	Refused	Compromised	Pending	Applied For
	Profile Branch	9				9
	Waumbek Branch	3				3
	Orchard Beach Branch	4				4
	Nashua & Acton R. R	24				24
	Newburyport Branch			30		30
	Lawrence Branch	15				15
	South Reading Branch	8				8
	Lines near Tewksbury	9				9
	North Weare Branch		23			23
	New Boston R. R		5			5
	Manchester & Milford Branch	18				18
	Keene Branch (Portion)		30			30
	Peterborough R. R		11			11
	Belmont Branch	4				4
	Bethlehem Branch	3				3
	Lakeport Branch			35		35
	Kennebunkport Branch				4	4
	Ashburnham Branch				3	3
	Essex Branch				6	6
	Bedford-Billerica Branch				8	8
	Reformatory Branch				7	7
Total.		97	69	65	28	259

Local Manage—
ment for Certain
New Hampshire and the St. Johnsbury and Lake Champlain Railroad in Vermont.
andVermontLinesThe lease of the Suncook Valley having terminated, operation of the property was assumed by the
local officers of that Company on September 28th, 1924. The Boston and Maine has cooperated in furnishing
equipment, supplies and other facilities without profit, and has in every way endeavored to assist the local management in continuing operation of the property successfully. Results for 1925, the first full calendar year of operation,
show a small balance after taxes, as compared with substantial losses in recent years.

The St. Johnsbury and Lake Champlain Railroad in Vermont, although a separate property, had for many years been operated by the Boston and Maine. On January 1, 1925 all representatives of the Boston and Maine withdrew from the Board of Directors and management of the line, and this road has since been operated by a Board of Directors consisting entirely of citizens of Vermont. The results of operation for the year 1925 show a deficit of \$71,677 after interest charges, as compared with a deficit of \$130,456 in 1924. This improvement was accomplished in spite of a reduction in gross revenues of \$50,577.

In the case of both of these properties the improvement has been brought about partly by the cooperation of the communities served in accepting readjustments of service, but a substantial portion of the economies effected has resulted from reductions of wages from the standard rates in effect on the larger railroad systems and from changes in working conditions. While it cannot be said that these reductions have been welcomed, the employes have apparently realized that the only hope of continuing operation on these lines lies in adjusting expenses to a point where the lines will be practically self-supporting.

Two other Vermont lines, the Montpelier and Wells River and Barre and Chelsea Railroads, also separate properties, were taken over by a local Vermont management on January 1, 1926, and efforts are being made to continue the operation of these lines at a minimum cost with the cooperation of the communities served.

In connection with the consideration of local operation of railroad lines formerly operated as a part of a large railroad, it is pertinent to quote recent statements of Mr. F. W. Sargeant, President of the Suncook Valley Railroad, as follows:

"Because the Suncook Valley was able to continue to run a railroad train, furnished by a friendly road, over its irons and pay running expenses for a year is no criterion or guarantee that these lines have permanently demonstrated the wonderful success of short line roads, possible under private management. It is needless for me to discuss this question with you because you must know that the success of the Suncook Valley for that first year was limited to its ability to operate the road from income, and there could not be any opportunity of providing for reserves and contingencies.

"We are still mighty far from being able to provide, except in a small way, for the necessary reserves and even then, what is the future of the road? All we can see is, there is a possibility of the short line road continuing only so long as the community served will put up with the very simple and most ordinary railroad service, operated by employees who are willing to work at the prevailing daily wage paid by that same community in other lines of business, and after that, the cooperation and assistance in helping over the rough places; for instance, when we have a winter with a very heavy snowfall, putting up now and then without railroad service, for a day or so. When we meet with some unusual conditions, something we have no control over and fail to come forward with very material outlay and expense, then the community must be patient and generous in their treatment of the situation, and then accept only what the road can afford to furnish, based on this economical and simple policy."

Freight and Pas- The freight revenues increased 4.7% over previous year, the tonnage increasing 4.9% and the ton senger Traffic miles increasing 3.5%. This is in step with the increase of 4.7% in freight revenues for the railroads generally.

The passenger revenues decreased 7.0% from the previous year as compared with a decrease of only 1.9% for railroads generally.

The decline in the number of passengers carried one mile by the steam railways between 1920 and 1925, according to a statement by the editor of the Railway Age in a recent address, was about 25% of the total business, and he added that the passenger business of the western lines is now less than it was fifteen years ago, while that of the eastern and southern roads has declined to what it was eight years ago.

On the Boston and Maine, following a steady decline since 1920, the number of passengers carried in 1925 was less than in any other year since 1901 when the Fitchburg Railroad was leased. There was some increase in the length of the average journey so that the loss, when measured in passenger miles, is not quite so severe, but the passenger miles for 1925 were lower than in any year since 1905.

Comparing 1925 with 1924, the total number of passengers decreased 7.9%, the decrease in the number of commutation passengers amounting to 6.6%, the number of single trip passengers decreasing 11.6%; and the number of interline passengers decreasing only 0.5%. The average journey of all passengers increased to 20.06 miles from 19.59 in previous year, or 2.4%, so that the loss in total passenger miles amounted to about 5.6%.

Efforts to stimulate renewed travel by train have been made in several directions. Passenger trains have been speeded up, and this policy as applied to the schedules in 1925 is being extended in the schedules now under preparation for the change of time coincident with daylight saving. The "Pine Tree Limited" was inaugurated September 28, 1925, as a fast, one-stop train between Portland and Boston, and return, and its success was followed by its extension from Portland to Bangor, and from Waterville to Portland, by the Maine Central Railroad. As a further step to make travel by rail more popular, a considerable number of excursions were run during the year, with generally satisfactory results.

While it is not possible to reduce the passenger service proportionately to the loss in traffic, efforts have been made to reduce the operating losses, and these efforts include the substitution of rail motor cars and motor buses on the highways for steam rail service.

The annual report of the Department of Public Utilities of Massachusetts for the year ended November 30, 1925, referring to the constantly decreasing revenue in passenger business, and the efforts to meet it, says:

"There are, however, some types of passenger service which cannot be operated economically and satisfactorily even with gasoline rail cars. There are other situations where changed conditions require a supplementary service over the highways in addition to that performed on the rails, to fill intermissions in

rail service, to facilitate through rates and connections with trains, and to afford practicable protection to the passengers during periods of bad weather and heavy freight and passenger movements. These purposes seem legitimate, and there is some force in the argument of the railroads that they ought not unduly (by which we mean with proper regard to the rights of others) be prevented from endeavoring to get back the passengers who patronized them before the recent development of automobiles and highways, particularly in view of the fact that the stockholders of the Boston and Maine and New Haven roads have received no dividends for many years and have, therefore, in effect, devoted their property during that period of time to the public use without any return whatsoever to themselves.

"The railroads are substantial taxpayers of the Commonwealth. Their passenger service is essential to the welfare of Massachusetts, and, if it is to be maintained in a manner and to an extent comparable with the public needs, must be supported in all proper ways."

The New Hampshire Public Service Commission in a decision granting to the Boston and Maine Transportation Company, — which is the automotive auxiliary of the railroad, — the right to operate motor coaches in substitution for passenger service on the Bristol Branch, said that "because of its close relationship with the Boston and Maine Railroad it is, therefore, generally speaking, for the public interest that the bus service in New Hampshire, which has apparently come to stay, should be furnished by the Boston and Maine Transportation Company."

The Commission's order asserted that "The Transportation Company . . . is designated to furnish a service which the people are demanding and which the railroad cannot furnish. In doing so it works in harmony and cooperation with the railroad, taking the place of passenger trains where the traffic is light and where the buses can adequately accommodate the travel, and in other cases supplementing the passenger train service by making train connections so as to better accommodate the traveling public, thereby tending to stimulate and increase travel by train. . . .

"If the State refuses to permit the railroad to furnish the kind of passenger transportation it can afford to furnish, and which the people are demanding, it may well be argued that the railroad should not be required to continue to run passenger trains at a loss. It cannot be expected that the railroad will continue to furnish train service that the people do not use. . . . Evidently the people have reached the point where they insist upon motor as well as train transportation. It is in the public interest that the parties furnishing these two kinds of transportation work in harmony, each furnishing service where it is best adapted to furnish it. . . .

"It is perfectly apparent that the railroad has lost this class of patrons for its trains, and if it can win them back by offering them a kind of service which meets their fancy it should be permitted to do so."

In a decision denying the Maine Motor Coaches, Inc., petition for certificates permitting the operation of motor coaches for hire over regular routes, the State of Maine Public Utilities Commission said that in some cases "it might appear that public service motor cars have entered into such acute and injurious competition with existing utilities, (as steam railroads and electric railways), as to make it seem wise for the railroads and railways themselves, in the interest of the greater public welfare, to be permitted to compete with or to supersede the operators of such public service motor-cars."

The Commission added that if such operators had been permitted to develop a transportation business, and had performed their duties to the public well and adequately, they were entitled to impartial justice.

A recent statement by the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce reported 51 railroads in the United States and Canada to be using motor trucks to supplement their shipping service, as against 33 railroads reported using motor trucks in 1924. Twenty steam railroads or their subsidiaries were reported as owning over 219 motor buses, most of which began to carry passengers on the highways within the last year. In all 190 steam and electric railroads in the United States and Canada were said to be using over 496 gasolene or gas-electric rail motor coaches.

Boston and Maine Transportation Company

The Railroad made its first use of the motor bus in September, 1924, when as a matter of operating economy a bus was substituted for rail passenger service on the Ashburnham Branch. It seemed apparent that there was considerable opportunity to use the motor bus to advantage in connection with or in substitution for rail service, and also opportunity to use the motor truck in connection with rail freight service. The Boston and Maine Transportation Company was organized in November, 1924, as the automotive auxiliary of the Railroad for the purpose of carrying on such motor operations as might be found desirable and helpful to the Railroad.

Studies showed that twenty-nine buses could be used to advantage to start with, and this equipment was purchased by the Boston and Maine Railroad in the Spring of 1925 and leased to the Transportation Company. Motor bus service was substituted for electric street cars in Portsmouth, N. H., in May. In June, buses were substituted for rail passenger service on the York Harbor & Beach Railroad between Portsmouth, N. H. and York Beach, Me., with an extension to Wells Beach, Me.

Application was made to the New Hampshire Public Service Commission for permission to operate buses as a supplement to rail service on the Claremont Branch and the Pemigewasset Valley Branch and in substitution for passenger service on the Bristol Branch. These applications were allowed and operations started late in the summer. In July a bus line was started between Boston and Portland to meet competition of other bus lines, and another line instituted between Boston and Bethlehem, N. H.

The Bristol Branch operation is one of the most interesting experiments. Rail passenger service was discontinued except in conjunction with one freight train a day and three bus trips were substituted for the former two passenger trains. The Transportation Company undertook to demonstrate that the highway could be kept open during the snow season by the use of highway snow-plows, and this was done quite satisfactorily during the heavy snows of February, 1926. On this operation the Railroad is making a substantial saving in operating expenses. The Transportation Company is just about earning the cost of providing the bus service and those served are receiving a more frequent service.

Studies show that there are other places where similar results can be accomplished. Details of operation are being worked out, licenses to operate are being secured, and necessary equipment is being purchased, so that another year will show much progress in the matter.

The operation of the Boston and Portland and the Boston and Bethlehem, N. H., lines showed that in the summer there is a considerable number of pleasure riders attracted by this type of bus service.

For the period in which buses were operated in 1925 the earnings were slightly in excess of the cost of providing the service, including interest and depreciation on the equipment used.

These various operations, carried on as experiments to determine the proper field of the bus as an auxiliary to the railroad, have demonstrated that the Railroad can use the bus to advantage as a substitute for trains with light traffic. This substitution makes possible a continuation of service to communities where it would be impossible to continue to furnish rail service without substantial loss. The Railroad effects an economy and in most cases the frequency of service is improved.

In June, 1925, the Transportation Company inaugurated motor truck service as indicated in the following paragraph.

Motor Truck Competition

Pursuant to its policy of meeting motor truck competition where practicable and economic to do so, the management inaugurated on June 1st a "store-door delivery" service at Boston, Lowell and Lawrence, and "door-to-door" truck service between Boston and Lowell and between Boston and Lawrence. The actual trucking operations were assigned to established local firms so as to effect a real coordination of motor and rail, rather than to enter into a competition which would result in increased cost and highway congestion. These trucking concerns operate under contract with the Boston and Maine Transportation Company.

Motor Rail
Cars
While the development of gasoline motor cars for passenger transportation on the rails cannot be said to have passed beyond the experimental stage, the economies as compared with steam service have appeared to be sufficient to justify a substantial investment in this type of equipment.

The Boston and Maine now has in service thirteen gasoline rail passenger cars of which eight are mechanically driven and five are of the gas-electric type. Eleven additional cars are now under order — all of the gas-electric type.

These cars are being operated on both main lines and branches, the following runs being indicative of the service to which they are believed to be adapted: Boston-Northampton, North Adams-Troy, Nashua-Worcester, Portland-Rochester, Salem-Lowell, Springfield-Greenfield.

Practically all of these cars are intended to haul an additional car of light construction. Among the cars under order, however, are three with double-end control having a seating capacity of over 90 passengers. These are intended for interurban service at other than rush hours.

While there is a field for the self-propelled passenger car on steam railroads, the scope is by no means universal. The power and capacity of such cars are inadequate to meet the peak requirements of commutation traffic, and in the case of short branch lines with very light traffic, the investment and operating cost are out of all proportion to the revenue. In the former class of traffic, motor rail cars cannot satisfactorily replace steam with the greater capacity of the latter for handling peak loads; in the latter class, the highway bus appears to furnish the economical solution. There is an intermediate field, however, where the passenger traffic does not warrant steam service, and in some instances the introduction of a less expensive substitute may permit of greater frequency of service and result in the retention of traffic which otherwise would be diverted to public or private transportation on the highway.

Value of Improved Transportation efficiency on the Boston and Maine during the past year has been true in varying degree of the railroads generally, and various industries have indicated the money value of this improvement by reason of the reduction in material stocks.

Statements have been made that in certain industries where formerly it had been necessary to anticipate requirements three to six months in advance, it is now possible, because of the prompt and dependable rail transportation, to figure on from 30 to 45 days, and to liquidate the stocks accordingly. It is hardly practicable to measure accurately in dollars and cents the value of the improvement, but the annual saving in interest on inventories due to improved transportation is estimated at many millions of dollars.

Changes in Com-The effect of the anthracite coal strike which began September 1, 1925, and which was settled only modities Transported a few weeks ago, was reflected in the tonnage figures.

For the first eight months of the year, or up to the time of the strike, the anthracite coal tonnage showed an increase of more than 7% over the corresponding period of the previous year. Bituminous coal tonnage showed an even larger increase, so that the coal tonnage as a whole was more than 10% higher, whereas the tonnage of commodities other than coal moved during this eight months' period showed an increase of about 5%. During the last four months of the year, while the strike was in effect, the anthracite coal shipments fell off to such an extent that the tonnage amounted to only about one-fourth of that handled in the corresponding four months of 1924. Bituminous coal, however, continued to increase so that for the entire year a reduction in anthracite tonnage of more than 500,000 tons, or nearly 20%, was more than offset by an increase in bituminous shipments. The net result was that the total coal tonnage for the year amounted to 5,002,134, or 1,927 tons more than in the previous year.

This corresponds rather closely to the situation for New England in general. Anthracite shipments into New England declined approximately 2,290,000 tons, or about 21%, from the previous year, but the total coal tonnage of anthracite and bituminous combined decreased about 34,000 tons, or a little more than one-tenth of one percent.

The tonnage other than coal on the Boston and Maine showed an increase for the year of about 6.3%. Had it not been for the anthracite strike, an increase in coal tonnage corresponding with the increase in other commodities might have been expected. However, the increased efficiency in the use of coal on railroad locomotives has been accompanied by similar improved efficiency by public utilities plants, and other large users of coal. In view of this situation there may be a reduction in the proportion of coal tonnage to total tonnage, although some former users of fuel oil have returned to the use of coal, probably because of a change in the relationship between the prices of the two fuels.

On the other hand, there have been some local acquisitions to the users of fuel oil, particularly in new buildings. The commodity item "refined petroleum and its products," which on the Boston and Maine, in 1920 amounted to 2.2% of the total tonnage of all commodities, showed a steady growth to 1923; decreased somewhat in 1924; but in 1925 it again made a new mark of 1,058,964 tons, or 4.5% of the total tonnage.

The tonnage of coke increased noticeably after the anthracite strike became effective, reaching a new high mark in 1925 amounting to 241,291, or 89.2% increase over the year 1924.

Potatoes made another high record amounting to 950,277 tons for 1925, or 20.8% increase over 1924.

Pulpwood reached a new high figure of 451,896 tons, an increase of 21.0% over 1924.

Building materials such as cement, brick and lime have been running heavy, and as compared with the previous year show the cement tonnage to be about the same, with brick increasing 46.2%, and lime increasing 12.0%.

Forest products showed a reduction in "logs, posts and cord wood" of 14.3% and in lumber of 2.5%.

Shipments of fertilizer which amounted to over 200,000 tons in 1920 have been showing a downward tendency, the tonnage in 1924 amounting to 141,416 and in 1925, 125,592 or 11.2% less than previous year.

Textile shipments which in 1923 amounted to approximately 150,000 tons dropped to 126,996 tons in 1924, and amounted to 131,095 tons in 1925.

The tonnage of less than carload shipments has been decreasing. In 1921 such tonnage amounted to about 2,000,000 or 10% of the total of all tonnage. In 1924 it was 1,659,478, or 7.4% of total and in 1925 it was 1,718,838 or 7.3% of total tonnage.

Freight Rate Situation The freight rate structure was not materially changed during the year 1925. A study of the so-called "subnormal rates" is being made to see if the Boston and Maine can gain the necessary increase in revenues without prejudice to New England industry.

The investigation by the Interstate Commerce Commission of the class rate scale applying between Trunk Line and Central Freight Association and New England territory, as well as within Trunk Line territory, is pending. Hearings have been held at various points throughout the country, generally attended by representatives of this Company.

On January 30, 1925, Congress passed a resolution directing the Interstate Commerce Commission to make a thorough investigation of the rate structure of all common carriers subject to the Interstate Commerce Act. The Interstate Commerce Commission is now conducting this investigation.

Establishment of On May 1, 1925, the New England Shippers' Advisory Board was created for the purpose of bringing about a closer relationship between the shippers of New England and the railroads which serve them.

Ten other organizations similar to the New England Board have been established throughout the country with the cooperation of the railroads and the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association, resulting in the more effective use of railroad equipment and generally in solving the mutual problems of shippers and carriers. The meetings of the New England Board thus-far held have been helpful to an even better understanding, and have offered a means of effecting a real cooperation.

Interesting Employees in the Solicitation of Traffic During the year 1925, an active campaign was conducted to interest all employees of the Company in securing traffic for the Boston and Maine. The results brought to the railroad a considerable amount of business that would not otherwise have been obtained.

Off Line Experience has fully justified the establishment of off-line traffic agencies, and during the past year additional agencies were opened in Buffalo and in St. Louis.

We have also extended our representation in the State of Maine by establishing at Caribou an agency for service to shippers and for the solicitation of potatoes and lumber.

Port Differential Case
In the report for 1924 it was mentioned that the Interstate Commerce Commission had dismissed the complaint of the Maritime Association of the Boston Chamber of Commerce in this case, but had expressed the opinion that the carriers should take steps to equalize the rates on grain and grain products from points west of the Mississippi River and on ex-lake grain from Buffalo moving to North Atlantic Ports.

No action has been taken by our western connections toward equalizing these rates, and the Maritime Association of the Boston Chamber of Commerce has succeeded in having the case reopened with a view of persuading the Interstate Commerce Commission to issue a formal order instructing the carriers to make the adjustment suggested.

Interchangeable Mention was made in the last annual report that the interchangeable mileage book case was still pending with the Interstate Commerce Commission. The Commission declined the reduction requested.

ProposedIncrease A study of the cost of handling milk and cream by the Boston and Maine Railroad has developed in the Rates on Milk and Creamthe fact that the handling of this traffic involves a heavy annual operating loss. A study made by other milk-carrying roads in New England has shown a somewhat similar result, and application has been made for a 20% increase in milk and cream rates.

Railway Mail Pay Decision

The United States Government appealed the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission making retroactive to February 25, 1921, the increase of approximately 35% in the rate of mail pay. Upon reconsideration the Interstate Commerce Commission confirmed the decision. The Boston and Maine Railroad thus becomes entitled to about \$800,000, and an effort is being made to secure this amount from the Government.

The Boston and Maine and other New England lines also have pending with the Interstate Commerce Commission an application filed May 6, 1925, asking that the rates of mail pay be further increased, studies having shown that present rates still fail to provide adequate compensation.

Taxes In a year when the railroad was able to reduce its expenditures in many directions, there was an increase of \$75,217 in tax accruals. This was mainly on account of additional Federal taxes, a part of which applied to prior years. An attempt to levy upon the railroad income taxes upon the normal 2% tax paid by the Director General to the Government while the railroad was under Federal control, under the theory that such payment was additional income to the railroad, was decided against the Government. This saved the railroad approximately \$23,000. Other contested items as yet unsettled involve an amount of approximately \$650,000.

The railroad was successful in obtaining a considerable reduction in its tax valuation in the State of New Hampshire, but an increase in the rate of taxation resulted in a tax bill against the railroad about \$32,000 higher than the amount paid in the previous year. A petition has been filed for a re-hearing.

It has been deemed necessary to renew efforts to obtain reduction of tax values upon the terminal property in the cities of Boston and Somerville, Massachusetts. The 1925 tax bill of the City of Boston against the railroad amounted to \$615,998.37 upon a valuation of \$23,071,100, with a tax rate of \$26.70 per \$1000, and in Somerville the railroad was taxed \$168,696.32 upon a valuation of \$6,156,800, at a rate of \$27.40 per \$1000.

The proposed modification of the basis of tax assessment against the railroad in the State of Maine so as to incorporate the factor of net earnings, of which mention was made in last year's report, reached a stage where a bill embodying the change was passed by the State Legislature, but a veto by the Governor was sustained.

New Industries Your organization has been actively engaged not only in obtaining the business which is available from present industries, but also in establishing on our lines new industries which will contribute to the growth and development of communities, and add to the available sources of business.

To the Ford Motor Company's \$4,000,000 assembly plant, now in process of construction on the Mystic River front at East Somerville, Mass., which was referred to in the last annual report, have been added several other substantial industries.

A large modern lumber terminal was brought to our lines on property at Charlestown, Mass. where the Wiggin Terminals, Inc., is building a \$2,500,000 plant which will be the largest public lumber terminal on the Atlantic seaboard. It will be served exclusively by the rail facilities of the Boston and Maine Railroad.

This terminal is expected to bring to the railroad an increasing amount of Pacific Coast lumber which moves through the Panama Canal. The terminal will also be equipped to handle other Pacific Coast products, including canned goods and wool, as well as trans-shipments from the Orient.

Negotiations with the First National Stores, Inc., with a view to locating their proposed \$2,000,000 warehouse, factory and distributing plant on property adjacent to the Ford Plant at East Somerville have been advanced to the point of an option by them on the property. If this option is exercised, it is expected construction will start by Spring. The consummation of this proposition should result in a further material increase in the tonnage and revenue of the railroad.

Sales of Real In addition to the sales of real estate not needed for railroad purposes which, as stated in last year's report, amounted to \$2,176,000 during the period 1920 to 1924, further sales were made in 1925 to the amount of about \$544,000. In several instances the land thus released was intended for industrial development, with consequent benefits to the communities and to the railroad. On the other hand, purchases of land needed for railroad purposes were made during the year to the amount of about \$287,000.

Wages and Employee Relations

Several requests have been received from labor organizations for increased rates of pay. A new wage movement is being started for the restoration of the war-time peak rates or higher rates.

It has been estimated that to restore to all employees the wage scales in effect in 1920 would increase the payrolls of the railroads of the country by about \$500,000,000 annually. An increase such as is proposed

would add approximately seven to eight millions to the payroll of the Boston and Maine. Heretofore these matters have been handled under the labor provisions of the Transportation Act.

That Act, under Title III, established the United States Railroad Labor Board, for the hearing and deciding of disputes between the carriers and their employees. In the judgment of most railroad executives this Board, while always a subject of controversy, served a useful and steadying purpose through a difficult period of transportation readjustments. It has been the policy of your management to comply in spirit and in letter with its decisions in matters properly before it in which we were concerned.

Nevertheless, the attempt to set up, in effect, a form of governmental compulsory arbitration in labor relations soon developed the usual serious difficulties. The authority of the Board was uncertain, and the United States Supreme Court has affirmed the fact that the Transportation Act gave the Board no power to enforce its decisions. In the light of experience, it is believed doubtful if in any event such power could be exercised without consequences more serious than the possible immediate gain. The leading organizations of railroad employees have reserved the right to accept or reject decisions of the Board, and there has been lack of accord among the managements themselves, both as to its jurisdiction and its usefulness.

It became apparent that a situation could not permanently endure in which some of the railroads voluntarily assumed the obligation to accept an authority denied by other roads, as well as by a large majority of the employees. Under these circumstances it appeared probable that the Labor Board would be substantially without power to influence helpfully any future difficulties of major importance that might arise.

In consequence, within the last two years various substitutes have been proposed. President Coolidge, in his annual message to Congress on December 6, 1923, said:

"The Labor Board was established to protect the public in the enjoyment of continuous service by attempting to insure justice between the companies and their employees. It has been a great help, but it is not altogether satisfactory to the public, the employees or the companies. If a substantial agreement can be reached among the groups interested there should be no hesitation in enacting such agreement into law."

The Howell-Barkley Bill, actively pressed in the last session of Congress, contained features regarded by the railroad managements generally, and by a large section of the public, as unwise and dangerous. Another and materially different plan, embodied in a bill before the present Congress, has received the approval of a large majority of the railroad executives, as well as representatives of the leading Brotherhoods of railroad employees.

This measure, approved in principle by the President in his last annual message, provides for successive stages of conference, adjustment boards, intervention if necessary by a permanent board of mediation, voluntary arbitration, with awards having the force of court decrees, and, as a last resort, investigation and report within thirty days by a special commission of public representatives, to be appointed by the President when the emergency is deemed sufficiently serious. Until thirty days after the report of such commission, both parties are required to maintain the "status-quo," except by mutual agreement.

Your management was in accord with managements represented by the other executives favoring this measure as the best practicable plan obtainable under existing conditions. While it does not prohibit, and cannot positively prevent strikes, it is not unreasonable to expect that it will reduce occasion for strikes or likelihood of their occurrence. The important feature of adjustment boards, to facilitate settlements on grievances and rule interpretations, directly between managements and their own employees, has had the approval of your management for some time, through its participation in the Eastern train service board of adjustment, meeting in New York, as well as in the creation of a joint adjustment board, in successful operation during the past two years, with our clerical employees. Steps are being taken at the present time for the establishing of a similar board with the Boston and Maine Mechanical Employees Association.

With the enactment of this bill, it will become the duty of managements and employees alike to accept its provisions in good faith, and with a determination to exhaust every resource of the facilities thus provided for the adjustment of differences upon a just and reasonable basis, without interruption of the continuous transportation service to which the public is entitled.

Pensions Pension payments for the year amounted to \$254,932.75. There were added to the roll 100 names, and removed on account of death 64 names, leaving the number of pensioners 533 as of December 31, 1925, the average age being 73 years, 5 months, and the average monthly pension \$42.38.

Pension payments have in recent years become an established practice on the majority of American railroads, and in the judgment of managements generally they have been justified both on grounds of human consideration and of definite returns in loyalty and morale. It is becoming increasingly apparent that the basis of all pension systems as thus far conducted is economically unsound in failing to make adequate provision for the future obligations assumed. The problem of continuing pensions either on the present basis or under a contributory plan, and with proper reserve and funding provisions, is exceptionally difficult on a property which has for a considerable period made no return to its stockholders, and which at the present time is again passing through a period of financial reorganization. An inquiry on the general subject is now being made and when more complete information than is now available is at hand decision as to future policies will then be possible.

Material and Supplies

The investment in material and supplies had been reduced more than a million dollars from December 31, 1923, to December 31, 1924, and during 1925 there was a further reduction of nearly \$2,000,000, the balance December 31, 1925 being \$6,664,664 as compared with \$9,699,835 two years earlier.

Reduced prices, particularly for locomotive fuel, contributed to this favorable change, as have improved freight service in deliveries, and improved supervision.

This situation has been a factor in the addition to the cash balance, because the railroad, like many industries, has been able to fill some of the requirements for supplies without the necessity of replenishing stock to the same extent as in the past.

Automatic Train Control

The orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission as to the application of automatic train control on the Boston and Maine have been modified from time to time with the result that at present the road is required to complete an installation between Boston and Greenfield prior to July 18, 1926. The Commission has indefinitely suspended the effective date of its order covering the line between Greenfield and Troy. Material for the installation from Boston to Greenfield is under order and every effort will be made to comply with the requirement of the Commission. The expense of this installation will be between \$500,000 and \$600,000.

During the past year the possibilities of installing automatic signals at highway crossings in place of human flagmen have been actively progressed with public authorities. In the course of the year, 28 signals of the audible and visible type have been installed at a total cost of \$69,557. Of this total ,19 units replaced human flagmen and accomplished an annual payroll saving of approximately \$35,000. There were in service on January 1, 1926, 124 combined wig-wag, flasher and bell signals, 3 illuminated sign and bell signals, and 157 bells only.

Rapid Transit—
Metropolitan
District

There have been no noteworthy developments during the year in the scheme of the Division of Metropolitan Planning covering extension of rapid transit through Somerville and Cambridge to Massachusetts Avenue, North Cambridge, as noted in the Annual Report for 1924.

The Division of Metropolitan Planning has been continuing such studies and has asked for an extension of time for another year before making report.

Lease to the Canadian Pacific RailwayCompany entered into with the Canadian Pacific RailwayCompany of the line under lease from the Connecticut & Passumpsic Rivers Railroad Company to the Boston and Maine, between Wells River, Vermont, and the International Boundary of Canada, on terms (6% on valuation, plus taxes) which are regarded as favorable to both interests.

A draft lease approved by the Board of Directors has been filed, with an application for its approval, with the Interstate Commerce Commission.

A hearing has been held by the Commission on the application, and a decision is expected shortly.

The lease and operation by the Canadian Pacific Railway, through the Quebec Central, of the Massawippi Valley Railway Company (entirely in the Dominion of Canada) under lease to the Connecticut & Passumpsic Rivers Railroad Company, which lease was assigned to the Boston and Maine, will later be made on similar terms.

LocomotiveShops The Attorney General of New Hampshire, acting on behalf of the State, filed an Information in the Superior Court of Merrimack County, alleging that the Railroad was violating the laws of the State by failing to comply with the provisions of Section 12 of Chapter 367 of the Laws of 1917, the Consolidation Act, so-called, which Section reads as follows:

Section 12. It will be a condition to the exercise of the rights, privileges and franchises granted herein that the repair and construction shops within this state maintained by the Boston & Maine Railroad, or any of the subsidiary companies, shall not be discontinued, or the number of employees thereat materially diminished and that a proportionate part of the repair and construction work of the reorganized Boston & Maine Railroad or the new corporation if formed shall be done within this state, such proportionate part to be based upon the relation between locomotive and car miles operated within this state and upon the system as a whole.

The Attorney General's action followed the closing of the locomotive shops at Concord, from which classified repair work was transferred to Billerica. The change was made solely in the interests of economy and efficiency and has resulted in material saving of expenses, and in increased efficiency.

An answer has been filed on behalf of the Railroad, which raises the question whether, in view of the provisions of the statute as a whole, this section was meant as a mandatory requirement capable of judicial enforcement, regardless of future conditions and requirements of efficient railroad operation, and alleging that if interpreted as mandatory the statute is illegal and invalid, as inconsistent with public policy generally, and in conflict with the provisions of the Transportation Act, which requires economic and efficient operation of carriers.

Further work of investigation is being carried on on behalf of the State and as yet there has been no hearing before the Superior Court.

AmericanRailway Pending the result of an investigation which is now being made by a committee representing the Express Contract railroads that are parties to the Uniform Contract with the American Railway Express Company, the terminating date of the contract has been extended one year to February 28, 1929, with an extension also of one year to March 1, 1927 of the time within which the railroads will have the option of giving notice terminating the contract as of August 31, 1927 by taking over the express property at its depreciated value on that date. A similar extension was made in a provision permitting the Express Company to terminate the contract as of August 31, 1927, which option may now be exercised up to April 1, 1927. The investigation, of which mention is made, refers to an attempt to coordinate the activities of the express, parcel post and less-than-carload freight traffic, and to effect an arrangement whereby the present express operations which are resulting in a loss to the railroads may be placed upon a supporting basis.

Contract for Lo- Island Creek coal having been used successfully by the Boston and Maine for several years, and after further exhaustive tests of this and other coal, a contract was entered into with C.H.Sprague & Son, for the delivery of 900,000 tons of this coal during the twelve months from April 1, 1926, the contract providing that certain options may be exercised during a further period of four years.

Proprietors of the Through a charter, dated 1796, a toll bridge was erected across the Connecticut River at Montague, River Bridge Mass. in 1802. In 1867 this bridge was acquired by the Vermont & Massachusetts Railroad, at present leased to the Boston and Maine. In 1871 the bridge was reconstructed, the lower portion being used for a highway, and the upper portion by the railroad connecting Turners Falls with the main line. The continued use of the bridge by the railroad being such at the present time as to require extensive repairs, or rebuilding, at a large expense, your management has entered into negotiations with the public authorities for the transferring of the bridge to the County of Franklin. In the meantime a tentative agreement has been reached with The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company for the joint permanent use of the New Haven's tracks from a connection at the west end of East Deerfield yard to the tracks of the Boston and Maine at Turners Falls.

Railroad Consolidations

In the Transportation Act of 1920 the Interstate Commerce Commission was instructed to prepare a plan for consolidating the railroads of the country into a limited number of systems. A tentative plan was published in August, 1921, but no final plan as provided in the Act has been announced.

The Commission has recently recommended to Congress a repeal of the present requirement that a consolidation plan be prepared in advance, and has suggested enactment of legislation which would leave the railroads free to work out their own plans subject to review by the Commission as to whether such consolidations as the railroads thereafter proposed would be in the public interest. There are also other proposals before Congress for amending the present law on this subject.

Final Discharge By an order entered in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts, dated May 4th, 1925, James H. Hustis, who had been appointed Temporary Receiver, August 29, 1916, was finally discharged and released from all further duties, liabilities and responsibilities as receiver and his bond and the surety thereon released from all further liability.

He was also discharged in the ancillary proceedings in the United States District Court for the Northern District of New York on June 24th, 1925.

Retirement of Mr. Folsom Harley E. Folsom, General Superintendent, Second District, resigned on September 1, 1925, after a continuous service of 55 years with this Company and with its subsidiaries. For half a century, Mr. Folsom held important official positions, beginning with the superintendency of the Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers Railroad at Lyndonville on September 1, 1875, and his record in this respect is believed to be unique in the history of the railroads of the country.

Mr. Folsom, in addition to his strictly operating duties, served on the Boards of Directors of several important Vermont lines, now or formerly subsidiary to the Boston and Maine, and in addition was President of the Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers, of the St. Johnsbury and Lake Champlain, and of the Vermont Valley Railroads.

The Board of Directors in accepting his resignation adopted a resolution of appreciation of his long and honorable service, and directed that his name should be carried on the pay rolls as Retired General Superintendent.

Frank A. Merrill, Chief Engineer, died on December 21, 1925. He had been Chief Engineer of the Concord Railroad from 1885 to 1890; Chief Engineer of the Concord and Montreal Railroad until 1895, when that railroad was leased to the Boston and Maine; and thereafter in the continuous service of this property.

Recognition The Board of Directors again desires to express its appreciation to the officers and employees whose interest and cooperation have made possible the continued improvement in the operation of the property.

By authority of the Board of Directors,

President.

March 9, 1926.

## No. 1 CONDENSED GENERAL BALANCE SHEET ASSETS

	ASSE 15	
December 31, 1924	ROAD AND EQUIPMENT	December 31, 1925
\$158,574,608 94	Investment in Road	\$157,913,380 39
54,391,318 14	Investment in Equipment*	53,748,203 91
\$212,965,927 08	Total	\$211,661,584 30
†7,729,774 82	IMPROVEMENTS ON LEASED RAILWAY PROPERTY	†7,770,999 07
	\$\frac{\text{SINKING FUND}}{\text{\$2,463,500 00 Boston and Maine R.R. Bonds-Par Value.**\$2,603,500 00}	11,110,555 01
	29,000 00 " " " Stocks " " 29,000 00 255,665 83 Cost of Other Securities and Cash 255,085 32	
2,748,165 83	Total (see Table No. 15)	2,887,585 32
301,010 70	DEPOSITS IN LIEU OF MORTGAGED PROPERTY SOLD	116,280 14
332,313	MISCELLANEOUS PHYSICAL PROPERTY	110,200 11
87,138 78	Real Estate, etc	595,402 41
	INVESTMENTS IN AFFILIATED COMPANIES (per Table No. 9)	312,232
	\$2,469,597 87Stocks\$1,800,610 31	
	1,272,000 00Bonds1,272,000 00	
	3,254,300 25	
	111,183 76	
7,107,081 88	Total	5,391,047 45
	OTHER INVESTMENTS (per Table No. 9)	
	\$188,020 00Stocks	
	108,200 00Bonds	
	10,000 00	
	156,383 98	
160 602 00	Total.	4 914 606 75
462,603 98	Total Investments	4,314,606 75
\$231,401,703 07	CURRENT ASSETS	\$232,737,505 44
\$4,647,576 48	Cash	\$4,448,319 70
651,235 77	Cash in Transit — Agents' Remittances	752,804 21
	Time Drafts and Deposits	1,140,000 00
870,251 66	Special Deposits	7,383 34
439 47	Loans and Bills Receivable	2,480,529 17
338,291 69	Traffic and Car Service Balances Receivable	421,887 88
1,014,070 09 3,323,736 74	Miscellaneous Accounts Receivable	916,876 35 2,463,421 23
8,582,925 63	Material and Supplies.	6,664,664 38
112,830 25	Interest and Dividends Receivable	72,275 58
\$19,541,357 78	Total Current Assets	\$19,368,161 84
	DEFERRED ASSETS	
\$109,650 94	Working Fund Advances	\$105,993 86
12,723 75	Insurance and Other Funds (per Table No. 9)	12,723 75
820,149 83	Other Deferred Assets	789,027 45
\$942,524 52	Total Deferred Assets	\$907,745 06
\$114,903 27	Insurance Premiums Paid in Advance	\$116,879 00
592,124 20	Discount on Funded Debt	506,219 42
507,140 27	Other Unadjusted Debits	352,015 16
37,900 00	Securities Issued or Assumed — Unpledged	38,900 00
\$1,252,067 74	Tota Unadjusted Debits	\$1,014,013 58
\$253,137,653 11	Grand Total	\$254,027,425 92

<sup>\*</sup> Includes \$12,705,425.38 representing equipment acquired under Equipment Trust Agreements but does not include equipment acquired from Leased Roads at inception of Leases appraised at \$1,792,321.78.

\*\* The Bonds and Stocks of the Boston and Maine Railroad purchased by the Trustee of Sinking Fund for Redemption of Improvement Bonds due 1937, at a cost of \$2,202,442.46 are reported above at par (Bonds \$2,603,500 and Stocks \$29,000) in compliance with the rule of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

† Does not include improvements on property of affiliated companies nor on leased roads when leases provide for current settlement.

## No. 1 CONDENSED GENERAL BALANCE SHEET LIABILITIES

CAPITAL STOCK	December 31, 1925
Common Stock — 395,051 Shares	\$39,505,100 00 290 70
Total Common Stock.  Preferred Stock — 31,498 Shares	\$39,505,390 70 3,149,800 00 38,817,900 00
Total Capital Stock (per Table No. 10)	\$81,473,090 70 4,200,301 14
Total Capital Stock and Premiums	\$85,673,391 84
LONG TERM DEBT	
Funded Debt Unmatured (per Table No. 10).         \$130,203,179 00.       Held by the Public.       \$124,826,979 00         2,463,500 00.       Held in Sinking Fund.       *2,562,500 00	
1,469,110 97 Nonnegotiable Debt to Affiliated Companies —	
Total	\$127,389,479 00
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Traffic and Car Service Balances Payable. Audited Accounts and Wages Payable. Miscellaneous Accounts Payable. Interest Matured Unpaid. Dividends Matured Unpaid. Funded Debt Matured Unpaid. Unmatured Interest Accrued. Unpatured Rents Accrued.	\$3,142,171 27 2,590,177 28 322,530 42 1,584,368 23 17,134 00 * 4,663,300 00 905,981 46 182,354 17
Total Current Liabilities	\$13,408,016 83
DEEEDDED LIADH PUES	
	\$209,988 70
Other Deferred Liabilities	_
Total Deferred Liabilities	\$209,988 70
UNADJUSTED CREDITS	
Tax Liability. Premium on Funded Debt. Accrued Depreciation — Equipment. Accrued Depreciation—Misc. Physical Property. Other Unadjusted Credits Total Unadjusted Credits.	Dr. \$369,165 31 84,540 09 14,715,410 88 22,435 02 335,895 45 \$14,789,116 13
CORPORATE SURPLUS	
Additions to Property through Income since June 30, 1907  Funded Debt retired through Income and Surplus  Sinking Fund Reserves	\$4,365,040 47 1,929,000 00 2,968,549 48
Total Appropriated Surplus	\$9,262,589 95 3,294,843 47
Total Corporate Surplus	\$12,557,433 42
Grand Total	\$254,027,425 92
Contingent Liabilities \$4,528,000.00 — (per Table No. 3)	
	Common Stock — Scrip.  Total Common Stock — Scrip.  Total Common Stock — Preferred Stock — 31,498 Shares. First Preferred Stock — 388,179 Shares.  Total Capital Stock (per Table No. 10). Premiums on Common Stock.  Total Capital Stock and Premiums.  LONG TERM DEBT  Funded Debt Unmatured (per Table No. 10). \$130,203,179 00. Held by the Public. \$124,826,979 00 2,463,500 00. Held in Sinking Fund *2,562,500 00 \$132,666,679 00. Total Long Term Debt. \$127,389,479 00 1,469,110 97 Nonnegotiable Debt to Affiliated Companies  Total.  CURRENT LIABILITIES  Traffic and Car Service Balances Payable.  Miscellaneous Accounts Payable.  Miscellaneous Accounts Payable. Interest Matured Unpaid. Dividends Matured Unpaid. Funded Debt Matured Unpaid. Funded Debt Matured Unpaid. Funded Rents Accrued.  Unmatured Rents Accrued.  Total Current Liabilities.  DEFERRED LIABILITIES  Due to Leased Roads at Expiration of Leases. Other Deferred Liabilities.  UNADJUSTED CREDITS  Tax Liability.  Premium on Funded Debt.  Accrued Depreciation — Equipment.  Accrued Depreciation — Scriptiss.  CORPORATE SURPLUS  Additions to Property through Income since June 30, 1907.  Funded Debt retired through Income and Surplus.  Total Appropriated Surplus.  Total Appropriated Surplus.  Total Appropriated Funded Reserves.  Total Appropriated Funded Reserves.  Total Corporate Surplus.  Total Corporate Surplus.

<sup>\*\$4,660,000</sup> matured in 1925, but were not refunded pending consummation of reorganization plan. Of this amount \$41,000 is held by Trustee of Sinking Fund.

# No. 2 INCOME ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1925, COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS YEAR (INCLUDING VERMONT VALLEY AND SULLIVAN COUNTY RAILROADS)

	Year ended December 31, 1925	Year ended December 31, 1924	Increase	Decrease
TRANSPORTATION REVENUE—RAIL LINE:				
Freight	\$51,422,292 40	\$49,106,133 18	\$2,316,159 22	
Passenger	20,213,911 26	21,740,826 74		\$1,526,915 48
Excess Baggage	55,171 99	56,885 59		1,713 60
Mail	1,311,212 80	1,330,483 54		19,270 7
Express	3,126,301 01	2,896,485 46	229,815 55	
Other Passenger Train	245,466 28	238,023 44	7,442 84	
Milk	2,190,550 73 824,834 49	2,139,473 18 789,363 00	51,077 55 35,471 49	
SwitchingSpecial Service Train	102,516 95	98,753 32	3,763 63	
Other Freight Train	41,442 84	895 67	40,547 17	
Total Transportation Revenue—Rail Line	\$79,533,700 75	\$78,397,323 12	\$1,136,377 63	
ncidental Revenue:				
Dining and Buffet	\$125,744 44	\$119,041 11	\$6,703 33	
Station and Train Privileges	314,092 26	312,303 94	1,788 32	
Parcel Room	46,205 76	50,057 90		\$3,852 1
Storage—Freight	91,740 50	116,721 42		24,980 9
Storage—Baggage	18,491 91	21,198 16	00 001 05	2,706 2
Demurrage	480,369 88 41,429 71	456,568 83	23,801 05	
Telegraph and Telephone	77,620 51	40,038 61 38,856 91	1,391 10 38,763 60	
Grain Elevators	31,173 82	35,078 77	30,703 00	2 004 0
Power	391,178 14	390,755 06	423 08	3,904 9
Coal Discharging Plants	155,958 12	195,198 90	120 00	39,240 7
Miscellaneous	314,196 96	307,153 57	7,043 39	00,210
Total Incidental Revenues	\$2,088,202 01	\$2,082,973 18	\$5,228 83	-
Joint Facility—Cr	\$10,804 48	\$9,747 11	\$1,057 37	
Joint Facility—Dr	\$6,860 74	3,331 95 \$6,415 16	611 79 \$445 58	
Total Joint Facility—Operating Revenue  Total Operating Revenues	\$81,628,763 50	\$80,486,711 46	\$1,142,052 04	
Department Expenses: (per Table No. 5)  Maintenance of Way and Structures	\$10,241,687 18	\$10,240,018 04	\$1,669 14	
Maintenance of Equipment	15,893,991 60	16,512,334 42	W1,000 11	\$618,342 8
Traffic	799,144 90	701,309 59	97,835 31	0010,012
Transportation—Ral Line	32,857,837 91	34,482,681 55		1,624,843 6
Miscellaneous Operations	290,422 83	278,864, 82	11,558 01	
General	2,906,737 37	2,770,668 74	136,068 63	
Transportation for Investment — $Cr$	2,358 78	1,646 11	712 67	
Total Operating ExpensesOperating Ratio	$\$62,987,463 01 \ (77.16\%)$	\$64,984,231 05 (80.74%)		\$1,996,768 0 (3.58)
Net Operating Revenue	\$18,641,300 49	\$15,502,480 41	\$3,138,820 08	
Γax Accruals	\$3,187,884 62	\$3,112,667 46	\$75,217 16	
Uncollectible Railway Revenues	18,638 45	11,948 21	6,690 24	
Total	\$3,206,523 07	\$3,124,615 67	\$81,907 40	
Operating Income (carried forward)	\$15,434,777 42	\$12,377,864 74	\$3,056,912 68	

# INCOME ACCOUNT—Concluded

	Year Ended December 31, 1925	Year Ended December 31, 1924	Increase	Decrease
Operating Income (brought forward)	\$15,434,777 42 71,944 13 343,732 94 34.499 49 134,520 34	\$12,377,864 74 46,180 30 324,971 51 49,715 90 162,087 02	\$3,056,912 68 25,763 83 18,761 43	\$15,216 41 27,566 68
Total	\$16.019,474 32	\$12,960,819 47	\$3,058,654 85	
Hire of Freight Cars—Debit Balance. Rent for Locomotives. Rent for Passenger Train Cars. Rent for Work Equipment. Joint Facility Rents.	\$2,868,390 50 44,839 50 370,824 88 442 35 327,161 71	\$2,585,684 63 16,928 95 421,869 57 622 49 391,373 48	\$282,705 87 27,910 55	\$51,044 69 180 14 64,211 77
Total		\$3,416,479 12	\$195,179 82	
Net Railway Operating Income	\$12,407,815 38	\$9,544,340 35	\$2,863,475 03	
OTHER INCOME: Income from Lease of Road	\$18,000 00 284,336 29	\$18,000 00 295,326 53		\$10,990 24
Miscellaneous Nonoperating Physical Property Dividend Income. Income from Funded Securities.	9,444 28	2,396 67 242,975 00 4,514 00	\$7,047 61 49,356 03	50,000 00
Income from Unfunded Securities and Accounts Income from Sinking and Other Reserve Funds Release of Premiums on Funded Debt	375,069 07 11,662 83 33,770 83	249,025 58 11,954 26 41,604 44	126,043 49	291 43 7,833 61
Miscellaneous Income  Total Other Income	0,102 01	Dr. 268,263 02	276,445 96	
Total Income		\$597,533 46 \$10,141,873 81	\$389,777 81 \$3,253,252 84	
Other Deductions from Income:	\$10,000,120 00	910,141,070 01	90,200,202 01	
Rent for Leased Roads (per Table No. 7)  Miscellaneous Rents  Interest on Funded Debt*  Interest on Unfunded Debt	6,525 24 6,594,080 50 5,156 14	\$1,292,841 39 6,373 24 6,628,491 13 19,327 66	\$152 00	\$63,490 50 34,410 63 14,171 52
Amortization of Discount on Funded Debt Miscellaneous Income Charges		85,904 78 1,196 18	4,003 82	
Total Other Deductions	\$7,926,217 55	\$8,034,134 38		\$107,916 83
Net Income	\$5,468,909 10	\$2,107,739 43	\$3,361.169 67	
DISPOSITION OF NET INCOME: Income Applied to Sinking Funds. Equipment Trust Installments	716,200 00	\$147,560 11 716,200 00	\$8,674 38	
Total Appropriations of Net Income	\$872,434 49	\$863,760 11	\$8,674 38	
Balance Transferred to Profit and Los. (per Table No. 4)		\$1,243,979 32	\$3,352,495 29	

<sup>\*</sup>Interest amounting to \$116,424.16 for 1925 and \$107,458.34 for 1924 accrued on bonds held in Sinking Funds is included in account "Income Applied to Sinking Funds".

# No. 3 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Concord & Claremont N. H. R.R. I The Peterborough and Hillsborough I by Boston and Maine Railroad. Portland Union Ry. Station Co. Sinki	First Mortgage 56 R.R. First Mortgage ing Fund 4% Bon	t Mortgage 5% Bonds, due March 1, 1944 % Bonds, due January 1, 1944	\$1,328,000 00 500,000 00 100,000 00
with the Maine Central R.R. Co	)		300,000 00
NOTES GUARANTEED.			\$2,228,000 00
Vermont Valley R.R. 6% Notes, due	August 31, 1916	, owned by Boston and Maine R.R	2,300,000 00
Total			\$4,528,000 00
	No	o. 4	
Dr. PROF		OSS ACCOUNT	Cr.
	II AND L		
Par value of Series D Bonds, purchased with proceeds of Sinking Fund, credited this account in 1924,		Balance December 31, 1924  Credit balance from Income Account	\$3,296,441 93
transferred to Appropriated Surplus Account	\$1,929,000 00	for year 1925 (Includes Vermont Valley and Sullivan County Rail-	1 506 474 61
Loss on sale of stock and bonds of Montreal and Atlantic Railway	51,000 00	roads)	4,596,474 61
To charge off ledger value of stock of Suncook Valley Railroad transferred to	01,000 00	Profit on road and equipment sold	246,585 37
that Company for cancellation	63,060 00	Unrefundable overcharges	18,044 32
To charge off part of amount due from the Montpelier and Wells River Rail- road for advances, current deficits,		Adjustment of Miscellaneous Accounts — Net	679 55
etc., which is uncollectible	153,356 60	II	
To charge off amount due from the St. Johnsbury and Lake Champlain Rail-		Unexpended balance of net income of Vermont Valley and Sullivan County Railroads, December 31,	
road for advances, current deficits, etc., which is uncollectible	1,902,902 39	1924, less minor adjustments for	1,354,458 84
To charge off ledger value of 7,680	1,002,002	year 1925	1,001,100 01
shares Preferred, 31,760 shares			
Common stock and \$50.00 scrip of the St. Johnsbury and Lake Champlain			
Railroad Co., which is worthless	364,987 56		
To charge off ledger value, less esti-			
mated salvage of the following branch lines, the abandonment of which has			
been authorized:			
South Reading Branch \$125,083 53 Danvers to No. Andover 224,806 08			
Manchester and Milford			
Branch	079 954 70		
Bethlehem Branch122,727 68	873,354 78 249,127 80		
Loss on retired road and equipment  To charge off ledger value Suncook	240,121 00		
Valley Extension Railroad property			
which has been transferred to Sun-	70.010.70		
cook Valley Railroad	79,813 52		
To charge off ledger value of capital stock of Nashua & Acton Railroad			
less ledger value of property retained	200 004 00		
and salvage from portion abandoned.	228,934 00		
To charge off ledger value of Portsmouth Electric Railway less ledger value of property retained and sal-			
vage from portion abandoned	322,304 50		
Balance, December 31, 1925	3,294,843 47		\$9,512,684 62
	\$9,512,684 62	Balance to next year's account	\$3,294,843 47

# No. 5 OPERATING EXPENSES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1925 COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS YEAR (INCLUDING VERMONT VALLEY AND SULLIVAN COUNTY RAILROADS)

	Year ended December 31, 1925	Year ended December 31, 1924	Increase	Decrease
MAINTENANCE OF WAY AND STRUCTURES				
Superintendence	\$594,846 05	\$642,722 79		\$47,876 74
Roadway Maintenance.	662,030_58	594,073 16	\$67,957 42	
Tunnels and Subways.	18,372 45	12,928 83	5,443 62	00 007 00
Bridges, Trestles and Culverts		531,571 73		60,937 80
Ties		1,645,308 32	100 000 07	9,314 42
Rails		487,037 66	168,683 87	F4 794 CO
Other Track Material		565,449 77	11 001 00	54,734 62
Ballast		Cr. 3,827 59	11,624 09	17 100 00
Track Laying and Surfacing	2,367,071 78	2,384,251 86		17,180 08
Right-of-Way Fences	. 56,879 97	82,314 85		25,434 88 646 51
Snow and Sand Fences and Snowsheds	625 31	1,271 82	57,884 64	040 01
Crossings and Signs	429,301 61	371,416 97 543,623 09	31,001 01	47,052 46
Station and Office Buildings		39,862 64		271 64
Roadway Buildings		92,836 32	5,758 21	2/1 01
Fuel Stations.		70,856 94	18,533 73	
Shops and Enginehouses	226 704 40	339,469 24	10,000 10	12,674 84
Grain Elevators.	. 326,794 40	25,299 54	27,451 72	12,011 01
Storage Warehouses		893 00	21,101 12	638 21
Wharves and Docks.	50,618 14	38,621 13	11,997 01	000 21
Coal and Ore Wharves.	9,550 81	12,936 60	11,001 01	3,385 79
Gas Producing Plants	. 16,870 93	12,091 99	4,778 94	0,000 10
Telegraph and Telephone Lines	55,341 84	102,732 78	1,110 01	47,390 94
Signals and Interlockers	626,273 23	605,239 81	21,033 42	11,000 01
Power Plant Dams, Canals and Pipe Lines	. 020,210 20	78 02	21,000 12	78 02
Power Plant Buildings	6,198 52	3,766 66	2,431 86	10 02
Power Substation Buildings		38 35	284 71	
Power Transmission Systems	5,219 64	3,187 52	2,032 12	
Power Distribution Systems	29,464 80	36,141 76	2,002 12	6,676 96
Power Line Poles and Fixtures	5,230 13	5,036 93	193 20	0,0.0
Miscellaneous Structures	6,586 78	18,819 36	200 20	12,232 58
Paving		26 82	1,606 56	
Roadway Machines.	58,160 42	61,218 97	1,000 00	3,058 55
Small Tools and Supplies		121,743 01		10,125 26
Removing Snow, Ice and Sand	382,283 45	417,291 64		35,008 19
Assessments for Public Improvements	618 69	1,566 26		947 57
Injuries to Persons		50,417 82	2,429 73	
Insurance		118,884 63	18,770 09	
Stationery and Printing		5,860 90	1,650 15	
Other Expenses		7 53	-,	3 22
Maintaining Joint Tracks, Yards and				
Other Facilities — Dr	. 280,266 75	316,714 59		36,447 84
Maintaining Joint Tracks, Yards and	200,200 10	0.00		,
Other Facilities — $Cr$	. 93,276 63	119,765 98		26,489 35
Total Maintenance of Way and Structure		\$10,240,018 04	\$1,669 14	
1 out manienance of may and structure	0 010,211,001 10			
MAINTENANCE OF FOURMENT				
MAINTENANCE OF EQUIPMENT	0400 001 70	0400 000 20	ene.eni ni	
Superintendence	. \$438,801 53	\$402,200 32	\$36,601 21	
Shop Machinery	636,228 23	597,445 11	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Power Plant Machinery	. 88,836 56	75,040 31	15,790 25	@1 409 16
Power Substation Apparatus		1,963 58		\$1,492 18 97,557 29
Steam Locomotives—Repairs		7,409,598 53	13,327 23	31,001 28
Steam Locomotives—Depreciation	505,129 02	491,801 79	9,570 03	
Steam Locomotives—Retirements		26,746 57	3,010 03	9,585 56
Other Locomotives—Repairs		80,847 70		64 97
Other Locomotives—Depreciation		11,534 77	859 79	01 91
Other Locomotives—Retirements		00.007.170.00		
Maintenance of Equipment (carried forward	<i>l</i> ) \$9,101,416 31	\$9,097,178 68	\$4,237 63	

# OPERATING EXPENSES—Continued

	Year Ended December 31, 1925	Year Ended December 31, 1924	Increase	Decrease	
MAINTENANCE OF EQUIPMENT—Concluded					
Brought forward	\$9,101,416 31	\$9,097,178 68	\$4,237 63.		
Freight-Train Cars—Repairs	3,239,092 62	3,651,235 15		\$412,142	
Freight-Train Cars—Depreciation	681,298 61 .			13,683	86
Freight-Train Cars—Retirements	215,568 13	123,692 85	91,875 28		0.0
Passenger-Train Cars—Repairs	1,688,507 26	2,164,626 92	1 1	476,119	66
Passenger-Train Cars—Depreciation	235,645 38	231,590 71	4,054 67		
Passenger-Train Cars—Retirements	31,769 29	610 36	31,158 93		
Motor Equipment of Cars—Repairs	14,817 93	19,898 04		5,080	11
Motor Equipment of Cars—Depreciation	1,646 49	281 22	1,365 27		
Motor Equipment of Cars—Retirements	797 96	765 38	32 58		
Work Equipment—Repairs	299,318 00	233,507 46	65,810 54		00
Work Equipment—Depreciation	20,277 48	20,848 50		571	02
Work Equipment—Retirements	78,601 30	15,650 25	62,951 05	0.4	4 5
Miscellaneous Equipment—Repairs	4,995 90	5,057 35		61	45
Miscellaneous Equipment—Depreciation	4,286 68	149 81	4,136 87		
njuries to Persons	133,056 40	112,797 81	20,258 59		
nsurance	76,228 26	72,587 68	3,640 58		
Stationery and Printing	19,999 98	15,193 66	4,806 32		
Other Expenses	689 85	124 86	564 99	0 700	
Maintaining Joint Equipment at Terminals—Dr	48,759 41	55,359 19		6,599	
Maintaining Joint Equipment at Terminals—Cr	2,781 64	3,803 93		1,022	29
Total Maintenance of Equipment	\$15,893,991 60	\$16,512,334 42		\$618,342	82
TRAFFIC					
uperintendence	\$413,060 25	\$391,600 81	\$21,459 44		
Outside Agencies	188,650 19	148,545 70	40,104 49		
dvertising	110,455 92	87,228 97	23,226 95		
Traffic Associations	12,236 84	12,682 31		\$445	47
nsurance	142 38	97 76	44 62		
tationery and Printing	74,460 18	61,154 04	13,306 14		
Other Expenses	139 14	_	139 14		
Total Traffic	\$799,144 90	\$701,309 59	\$97,835 31		
TRANSPORTATION—RAIL LINE					
uperintendence	\$774,989 55	\$835,020 41		\$60,030 8	86
Dispatching Trains	246,424 48	259,807 22		13,382	74
1 1	F 000 F10 F0	5 000 000 21		193,175 7	78
tation Employees	5,696,710 53	5,889,886 31		100,110	10
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus.	3,738 70	4,374 24		635 8	
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus				635 8 24,630 3	54 32
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaustation Supplies and Expenses	3,738 70	4,374 24		635 3	54 32
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus  Atation Supplies and Expenses	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61	\$54,381 68	635 8 24,630 3	54 32
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus tation Supplies and Expenses Yardmasters and Yard Clerks Yard Conductors and Brakemen	3,738 70 375,619 70	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39	\$54,381 68	635 8 24,630 3	54 32 46
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus tation Supplies and Expenses Vardmasters and Yard Clerks Vard Conductors and Brakemen Vard Switch and Signal Tenders	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08		635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4	54 32 46
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus tation Supplies and Expenses Vardmasters and Yard Clerks Vard Conductors and Brakemen Vard Switch and Signal Tenders Vard Enginemen	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59	\$54,381 68 9,681 24	635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4	54 32 46 12
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus.  tation Supplies and Expenses.  Yardmasters and Yard Clerks.  Yard Conductors and Brakemen.  Yard Switch and Signal Tenders.  Yard Enginemen.  Yard Enginemen.  Yard Locomotives.	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83 967,861 37	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59 1,075,908 29		635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4 66,825 1	54 32 46 12
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus.  tation Supplies and Expenses.  Yardmasters and Yard Clerks.  Yard Conductors and Brakemen.  Yard Switch and Signal Tenders.  Yard Enginemen.  Yard Locomotives.  Water for Yard Locomotives.	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83 967,861 37 20,842 98	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59 1,075,908 29 19,927 91	9,681 24	635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4 66,825 1 108,046 9	54 32 46 12 92
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus.  tation Supplies and Expenses.  Yardmasters and Yard Clerks.  Yard Conductors and Brakemen.  Yard Switch and Signal Tenders.  Yard Enginemen.  Yard Enginemen.  Yard Locomotives.  Water for Yard Locomotives.  Jubricants for Yard Locomotives.	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83 967,861 37 20,842 98 18,765 91	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59 1,075,908 29 19,927 91 23,415 33	9,681 24 915 07	635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4 66,825 1	54 32 46 12
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus.  Itation Supplies and Expenses.  Yardmasters and Yard Clerks.  Yard Conductors and Brakemen.  Yard Switch and Signal Tenders.  Yard Enginemen.  Yard Locomotives.  Water for Yard Locomotives.  Bubricants for Yard Locomotives.  Other Supplies for Yard Locomotives.	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83 967,861 37 20,842 98	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59 1,075,908 29 19,927 91 23,415 33 20,223 20	9,681 24	635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4 66,825 1 108,046 9	54 32 46 12 92 42
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus.  Itation Supplies and Expenses.  Itation Supplies and Expenses.  Itation Supplies and Brakemen.  Itation Supplies and Brakemen.  Itation Supplies and Brakemen.  Itation Supplies for Yard Locomotives.  Itation Yard Locomotives.	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83 967,861 37 20,842 98 18,765 91 20,798 29	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59 1,075,908 29 19,927 91 23,415 33	9,681 24 915 07	635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4 66,825 1 108,046 9 4,649 4	54 32 46 12 92 42
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus.  Itation Supplies and Expenses.  Yardmasters and Yard Clerks.  Yard Conductors and Brakemen.  Yard Switch and Signal Tenders.  Yard Enginemen.  Yard Locomotives.  Water for Yard Locomotives.  Water Supplies for Yard Locomotives.  Other Supplies for Yard Locomotives.  Enginehouse Expenses—Yard.  Yard Supplies and Expenses.	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83 967,861 37 20,842 98 18,765 91 20,798 29 424,045 43	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59 1,075,908 29 19,927 91 23,415 33 20,223 20 450,915 66	9,681 24 915 07	635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4 66,825 1 108,046 9 4,649 4 26,870 2	54 32 46 12 92 42
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus.  Itation Supplies and Expenses.  Yardmasters and Yard Clerks.  Yard Conductors and Brakemen.  Yard Switch and Signal Tenders.  Yard Enginemen.  Yard Locomotives.  Water for Yard Locomotives.  Whether Supplies for Yard Locomotives.  Other Supplies for Yard Locomotives.  Yard Supplies and Expenses.  Yard Supplies and Expenses.  Yards and Terminals—Dr.	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83 967,861 37 20,842 98 18,765 91 20,798 29 424,045 43 40,841 87 1,010,904 86	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59 1,075,908 29 19,927 91 23,415 33 20,223 20 450,915 66 44,828 22 959,289 89	9,681 24 915 07 575 09	635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4 66,825 1 108,046 9 4,649 4 26,870 2 3,986 3	54 32 46 12 92 42 23 35
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus.  Itation Supplies and Expenses.  Yard Conductors and Brakemen.  Yard Switch and Signal Tenders.  Yard Enginemen.  Yard Locomotives.  Yater for Yard Locomotives.  Yater Supplies for Yard Locomotives.  Yater Supplies for Yard Locomotives.  Yard Supplies and Expenses.  Yard Supplies and Expenses.  Yard Supplies and Terminals—Dr.  Yards and Terminals—Cr.	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83 967,861 37 20,842 98 18,765 91 20,798 29 424,045 43 40,841 87 1,010,904 86 334,933 46	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59 1,075,908 29 19,927 91 23,415 33 20,223 20 450,915 66 44,828 22 959,289 89 389,176 87	9,681 24 915 07 575 09	635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4 66,825 1 108,046 9 4,649 4 26,870 2 3,986 3	54 32 46 12 92 42 23 35
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus. Itation Supplies and Expenses. Itardmasters and Yard Clerks. Itard Conductors and Brakemen. Itard Switch and Signal Tenders. Itard Enginemen. Itard Enginemen. Itard For Yard Locomotives. Itard For Yard Locomotives. Itard Supplies for Yard Locomotives. Itard Supplies for Yard Locomotives. Itard Supplies and Expenses. Itard Supplies and Expenses. Itard Supplies and Terminals—Dr. Itardia Formation Form	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83 967,861 37 20,842 98 18,765 91 20,798 29 424,045 43 40,841 87 1,010,904 86 334,933 46 3,305,196 91	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59 1,075,908 29 19,927 91 23,415 33 20,223 20 450,915 66 44,828 22 959,289 89 389,176 87 3,350,260 26	9,681 24 915 07 575 09 51,614 97	635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4 66,825 1 108,046 9 4,649 4 26,870 2 3,986 3	54 32 46 12 92 42 23 35
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus.  Itation Supplies and Expenses.  Yard Conductors and Brakemen.  Yard Switch and Signal Tenders.  Yard Enginemen.  Yard Locomotives.  Water for Yard Locomotives.  When Supplies for Yard Locomotives.  Ither Supplies for Yard Locomotives.  Yard Supplies and Expenses.  Yard Supplies and Terminals.  Yard Supplies and Terminals.  Yard Frain Enginemen.  Yard Supplies and Terminals.  Yard Frain Enginemen.  Yard Motormen.	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83 967,861 37 20,842 98 18,765 91 20,798 29 424,045 43 40,841 87 1,010,904 86 334,933 46 3,305,196 91 87,753 40	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59 1,075,908 29 19,927 91 23,415 33 20,223 20 450,915 66 44,828 22 959,289 89 389,176 87 3,350,260 26 85,653 18	9,681 24 915 07 575 09	635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4 66,825 1 108,046 9 4,649 4 26,870 2 3,986 3 54,243 4 45,063 3	54 32 46 12 92 42 23 35 41
Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus. Station Supplies and Expenses.  Vardmasters and Yard Clerks.  Vard Conductors and Brakemen.  Vard Switch and Signal Tenders.  Vard Enginemen.  Vater for Yard Locomotives.  Vater for Yard Locomotives.  Other Supplies for Yard Locomotives.  Card Supplies for Yard Locomotives.  Vard Supplies and Expenses.  Operating Joint Yards and Terminals.  Operating Joint Yards and Terminals.  Crain Enginemen.  Crain Motormen.  Cuel for Train Locomotives.	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83 967,861 37 20,842 98 18,765 91 20,798 29 424,045 43 40,841 87 1,010,904 86 334,933 46 3,305,196 91 87,753 40 5,489,855 17	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59 1,075,908 29 19,927 91 23,415 33 20,223 20 450,915 66 44,828 22 959,289 89 389,176 87 3,350,260 26 85,653 18 6,429,060 93	9,681 24 915 07 575 09 51,614 97	635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4 66,825 1 108,046 9 4,649 4 26,870 2 3,986 3 54,243 4 45,063 3	54 32 46 12 92 42 23 35 41 35
Station Employees. Veighing, Inspection and Demurrage Bureaus. Station Supplies and Expenses. Vardmasters and Yard Clerks. Vard Conductors and Brakemen. Vard Switch and Signal Tenders. Vard Enginemen. Vard Locomotives. Vater for Yard Locomotives. Vater for Yard Locomotives. Vater Supplies for Yard Locomotives. Vard Supplies and Expenses. Vard Supplies and Expenses. Vard Supplies and Terminals. Vard Supplies and Terminals. Vard Supplies and Terminals. Vard Supplies Supplies and Terminals. Vard Supplies	3,738 70 375,619 70 945,325 15 2,061,444 07 388,976 96 1,239,046 83 967,861 37 20,842 98 18,765 91 20,798 29 424,045 43 40,841 87 1,010,904 86 334,933 46 3,305,196 91 87,753 40	4,374 24 400,250 02 980,955 61 2,007,062 39 455,802 08 1,229,365 59 1,075,908 29 19,927 91 23,415 33 20,223 20 450,915 66 44,828 22 959,289 89 389,176 87 3,350,260 26 85,653 18	9,681 24 915 07 575 09 51,614 97	635 8 24,630 3 35,630 4 66,825 1 108,046 9 4,649 4 26,870 2 3,986 3 54,243 4 45,063 3	54 32 46 12 92 42 23 35 41 35 76 66

### OPERATING EXPENSES—Concluded

	Year ended December 31, 1925	Year ended December 31, 1924	Increase	Decrease
TRANSPORTATION—RAIL LINE—Concluded				
Brought forward	\$22,923,663 74	\$24,283,653 52		\$1,359,989 78
Water for Train Locomotives	191,423 10	195,700 05		4,276 98
Lubricants for Train Locomotives	86,199 66	111,820 85		25,621 19
Other Supplies for Train Locomotives	101,531 48	118,076 38		16,544 90
Enginehouse Expenses—Train	1,318,649 80	1,419,592 15		100,942 33
Crainmen	4,276.756 16	4,356,500 09		79,743 93
Train Supplies and Expenses	935,459 49	941,697 71		6,238 22
Signal and Interlocker Operation	852,761 55	851,880 60	\$880 95	*
Crossing Protection	1,040,788 16	1,102,006 28		61,218 1
Drawbridge Operation	62,304 89	64,170 69		1,865 80
Telegraph and Telephone Operation	24,027 92	28,243 43	00 545 00	4,215 5
Stationery and Printing	194,319 26	173,803 57	20,515 69	
Other Expenses	29,535 09	22,333 05	7,202 04	
Operating Joint Tracks and Facilities—Dr	30,815 91	29,910 80	905 11	10 051 0
Operating Joint Tracks and Facilities—Cr	48,037 43	67,792 33		19,754 90
nsurance	65,346 97	68,102 64		2,755 6
Clearing Wrecks	61,456 17	62,002 44	0 = 200 = 70	546 2
Damage to Property	65,478 08	58,957 38	6,520 70	1 700 0
Damage to Live Stock on Right-of-Way	1,442 89	$3,142 96 \\ 387,570 91$		1,700 0 30,805 3
oss and Damage—Freight	356,765 54 6,722 93	6,348 12	374 81	50,8Q5 S
Loss and Damage—Baggage	280,426 55	264,960 26	15,466 29	
njuries to Persons	\$32,857,837 91	\$34,482,681 55	15,400 25	\$1,624,843 6
MISCELLANEOUS OPERATIONS  Dining and Buffet Service	\$127,367 11 60,598 83	\$118,199 32 47,322 35	\$9,167 79 13,276 48 2,198 50	
Producing Power Sold	18,518 98 83,937 91	16,320 48 97,022 67	2,198 50	\$13,084 7
Total Miscellaneous Operations	\$290,422 83	\$278,864 82	\$11,558 01	
GENERAL				
	2014 40 2 60	0140 050 50	A70 000 17	
Salaries and Expenses of General Officers	\$214,495 69	\$140,856 52	\$73,639 17	
Galaries and Expenses of Clerks and Attendants.	1,862,232 31	1,855,862 10	6,370 21	\$6,308 9
General Office Supplies and Expenses	87,611 09	93,920 05	12,829 06	\$0,500 9
Law Expenses	181,459 93	168,630 87	1,367 89	
nsurance Pensions	2,562 98 254,932 75	1,195 09 222,305 47	32 627 28	
tationery and Printing.	93,896 97	82,936 23	10,960 74	
Valuation Expenses	66,683 73	86,810 74	10,500 74	20,127
Other Expenses	127,123 02	103,789 77	23,333 25	20,121
General Joint Facilities—Dr	17,303 38	16,521 37	782 01	
General Joint Facilities—Cr	1,564 48	2,159 47	102 01	594 9
Total General	\$2,906,737 37		\$136 DGQ GQ	
		\$2,770,668 74	\$136,068 63	-
Transportation for Investment—Cr  Total Operating Expenses	\$2,358 78	\$1,646 11	\$712 67	\$1,996,768 0
Ratio to Total Operating Revenues	\$62,987,463 01 (77.16%)	\$64,984,231 05 (80.74%)		$\frac{$1,990,708}{(3.58)}$
Tracto to I otal Operating Herentues	(11.10%)	(00.14/0)		(0.00)

# No. 6 ELECTRIC RAILWAYS

\*Portsmouth Electric Railway — Portsmouth to Hampton, N. H. 14.14
Concord Electric Railways — Concord to Manchester and Penacook, N. H. 28.71
Total Mileage operated (per Table No. 11). 42.85

ended er 31, 192
63,528 74
167 70
428 80
249 65
1,447 58 6,177 96
1,000 00
1,359 47
844 58
75,204 43
\$2,951 08
21,014 86 $7,925$ 69
147 80
32,039 43
\$4,377 19
16,816 98
19,110 92
5,638 65
2,001 88
47,945 62
\$5 84
4,347 86
7,055 04
25,633 63
37,042 37
\$396 41
93 41 \$489 82
\$409 04
16,499 39
38,214 06
$20,055 63 \\ 6,500 13$
2,046 10
83,315 31
\$4,122 30
10,609 03
1,587 84
16,319 17
17,151 72
58,052 71
24,817 31
33,235 40
18

<sup>\*</sup>Operation discontinued May 17, 1925.

No. 7
RENT FOR LEASED ROADS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1925

NAME OF ROAD	Lease Expires	Rental Accrued	Portion applying to Interest on Debt	Portion applying to Dividends on Capital Stock	Portion applying to Organization Expenses, etc.
Connecticut & Passumpsic Rivers	Jan. 1, 1986	\$229,000 00	\$76,000 00	\$150,000 00	\$3,000 00
Vermont & Massachusetts		213,880 00	0,000 00	191,580 00	*22,300 00
†Northern		218,604 00	29,500 00	184,104 00	5,000 00
Nashua & Lowell	Oct. 1, 1979	73,000 00	20,000 00	72,000 00	1,000 00
Pemigewasset Valley		32,790 00		32,490 00	300 00
Concord & Portsmouth		25,000 00		24,500 00	500 00
Massawipp: Valley		24,000 00		24,000 00	
Stony Brook		21,500 00		21,000 00	500 00
Wilton		20,400 00		20,400 00	
Peterborough		15,700 00		15,400 00	300 00
Troy & Bennington		15,400 00		15,080 00	320 00
New Boston		2,800 00		2,800 00	
**Newport & Richford		17,500 00	17,500 00	2,000 00	
‡Vermont Valley		255,500 00	205,500 00	50,000 00	
‡Sullivan County		61,420 00	21,420 00	40,000 00	
Total		\$1,226,494 00	\$349,920 00	\$843,354 00	\$33,220 00
Central Vermont Ry. Co		2,600 04			
N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co. — Lessee of Old Colony R. R. Co		256 85			
Grand Total		<b>\$</b> 1,229,350 89			

<sup>\*</sup>Includes \$19,300.00 amortization of bonds of the Vermont and Massachusetts R. R. Co. amounting to \$772,000 which matured May 1, 1923 and were paid by the Boston and Maine R. R.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Under the terms of the lease of the Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers R. R. the Boston and Maine R. R. is obligated to pay the annual interest on bonds of the Newport & Richford R. R. Co., amounting to \$17,500 and receives \$18,000 annually from the Montreal & Atlantic Ry. Co., Lessee of the Newport & Richford R. R.

<sup>†</sup>Includes rental for Concord & Claremont, N. H. and Peterborough and Hillsborough Railroads.

<sup>‡</sup> Operated under contract.

# No. 8

# ADDITIONS AND BETTERMENTS

BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD AND LEASED LINES (INCLUDING VERMONT VALLEY AND SULLIVAN COUNTY RAILROADS)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1925

ROAD:	040.011.00
1 Engineering. 2 Land for Transportation Purposes.	6 006 26
3 Grading.	46 274 18
5 Tunnels and Subways	
6 Bridges, Trestles and Culverts	97,548 42
8 Ties	18,468 63
9 Rails	$Cr_{-}52,366$ 17
10 Other Track Material. 11 Ballast.	251,901 53
12 Track Laying and Surfacing.	10.537.87
13 Right-of-Way Fences.	7,699 48
14 Snow and Sand Fences and Snowsheds.	
15 Crossings and Signs	
16 Station and Office Buildings	421,615 50
17 Roadway Buildings. 18 Water Stations.	
19 Fuel Stations.	33.929 44
20 Shops and Enginehouses.	68,002 89
21 Grain Elevators	
23 Wharves and Docks	8,510 42
26 Telegraph and Telephone Lines. 27 Signals and Interlockers.	39 497 77
29 Power Plant Buildings	44 62
30 Power Substation Buildings	30 87
31 Power Transmission Systems	518 98
32 Power Distribution Systems	10,879 54
33 Power Lines, Poles and Fixtures. 35 Miscellaneous Structures.	
36 Paving	Cr. 1.166 85
37 Roadway Machines	25,695
38 Roadway Small Tools.	530 45
44 Shop Machinery	151,087 64
45 Power Plant Machinery. 46 Power Substation Apparatus.	803 76
To Toma Material Apparatus.	
EQUIPMENT:	
51 Steam Locomotives	
52 Other Locomotives	
53 Freight Train Cars	
55 Motor Equipment on Cars 65,913 32	
57 Work Equipment	
58 Miscellaneous Equipment	751,404 82
GENERAL EXPENDITURES:	
73 Law	215 57
Total	
Credit:	
Equipment Retired	
Land Sold and Property Retired	3,366,525 93
Net Credit to Additions and Betterments	\$1,261,620 22
,	
Distributed as follows:	
Credited to Capital Account	
Charged to Leased Roads	\$1,261,620 22

Note: The above statement does not include credit of \$1,886.91 made up of miscellaneous adjustments affecting the accounts prior to July 1, 1914.

#### No. 9 SECURITIES OWNED AND ADVANCES

**DECEMBER 31, 1925** 

	INVESTMENTS IN AFFILIATED COMPANIES	Ledger Value	Total
CI.	Stocks		
Shares †20,000 5,340 2,115 12 10 † 1,328 † 117 1,750 † 75	Vermont Valley Railroad (Par \$50) (Entire Stock) York Harbor and Beach R.R. Co. (Par \$50).  Mount Washington Railway Co (Entire Stock). Montpelier and Wells River R. R. (Par \$50). Barre and Chelsea R. R. Co. Franklin & Tilton Railroad. Concord & Claremont N. H. R. R. Lake Champlain & St. Lawrence Jct. Ry. Co. (Par \$50).  Troy Union Railroad Co.	\$1,117,520 00 256,830 00 211,500 00 550 00 2,225 00 132,800 00 4,890 00 66,795 31 7,500 00	\$1,S00,610 31
	Bonds		
Par Value \$1,172,000 † 100,000	The St. Johnsbury and Lake Champlain R. R. Co. First Mortgage 5's due 1944  Peterborough and Hillsborough R.R. First Mortgage 4½'s due July 1, 1926	\$1,172,000 00 100,000 00	1,272,000 00
	Notes		
†\$2,300,000	Vermont Valley Railroad 6% due August 31, 1916.  Miscellaneous.	\$2,300,541 70 1 00	2,300,542 70
	Advances		
	Franklin & Tilton Railroad—For Additions and Improvements to Property	\$17,894 44	17,894 44 \$5,391,047 45
	OTHER INVESTMENTS		
C1	Stocks		
Shares 331 240 381	Peterborough Railroad. New Boston Railroad. Pemigewasset Valley Railroad.	\$19,860 00 24,000 00 38,100 00	\$81,960 00
	Parada		
Par Value \$200	Bonds  Walden-Worcester Co., Inc. First Mortgage 7's due 1931	\$200 00	200 00
	Notes		
\$5,000	Erving Paper Mills	\$5,000 00	5,000 00
	Miscellaneous		
\$4,038,000	Sundry Investments	\$4,069,771 44	4,069,771 44
	Advances		
	Wilton Railroad Co. For Additions and Improvements to Property Peterborough R. R. " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	\$47,598 37 39,933 07 70,143 87	157,675 31
	Total Other Investments. Grand Total		\$4,314,606 75 \$9,705,654 20
	INSURANCE FUND		
\$15,000	U. S. Government Liberty Loan Bonds due 1942 on deposit with New York State Industrial Commission		<b>\$</b> 12,723 75

<sup>†</sup> Held by the Old Colony Trust Co. under Trust Agreement dated December 1, 1919, together with 4,000 shares of Concord & Claremont N. H. R. R.: 450 shares of Peterborough and Hillsborough R. R.; and 1,328 shares of Franklin & Tilton R. R., owned by the Northern R.R. and 7,000 shares of Newport & Richford R.R. Co. owned by the Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers R. R. Co.

See notes on Table No. 10.

#### N

## BOSTON AND MAINE RAIL

CAPITAL STOCK AND FUNDED DEBT

OWNED

				CAI	CAPITAL STOCK				
		]	NAME OF ROAD AND DESCRIPTION	Amount Outstanding	D	ividends			
					Rate	Amount			
Boston		Maine	Common	A \$39,505,100 00					
"	66	- //	" Scrip	290 70					
"	66	"	Preferred	в 3,149,800 00					
"	"	"	First Preferred Class A	18,860,000 00					
"	66	"	" " B	7,648,800 00					
66	"	66		c 7,917,100 00 4,327,000 00					
44	66	66	<u>D</u>	65,000 00					
"	66	46	D	00,000 00					
46	66	66							
66	"	66	Fitchburg						
66	"	66	Boston and Bowett						
66	"	66	Boston and Lowell " "						
66	66	"	Fitchburg						
46	66	66	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11						
46	66	66	Boston and Lowell " "						
46	"	46	Fitchburg" ""						
66	66	66	(6 66						
66	"	"	Series C						
6.6	66	"	Series D						
46	66	"	Series G						
46	"	66	Series L " "						
"	"	66	Series N						
44	"	"	(( ((						
4.6	"	66	Boston and Lowell " "						
4.6	66	"	Worcester, Nashua and Rochester First Mortgage						
46	66	"	Series F General Mortgage						
4.6	66	66	Series H						
6.6	"	66	Series I " "						
44	66	66	Series J						
4.6	66	66	Fitchburg " "						
4.6	61	"	Boston and Lowell " "						
4 +	44	4.6	Series M " "						
4.6	"	66	Fitchburg " "						
4.6	"	"	Boston and Lowell " "						
66	66	66	Series O " "						
4.6	66	"	Fitchburg " "						
44	66	"	Worcester, Nashua and Rochester First Mortgage						
66	66	6.6	• •						
44	6.6	66	Series K General Mortgage						
66	66	66	Boston and Lowell " "						
46	66	"	Sinking Fund Improvement " "						
46	66	66	Fitchburg " "						
66	66		Ports. Gt. Falls and Conway First Mortgage						
46	66	"							
46	66		Connecticut River " "						
66	66	66							
- (	66	66							
66	- ( (		Equipment Trust of 1920 Gold Notes						
44	66	66	Equipment Trust of 1922 Gold Certificates						
66	66	66							
6.6	66	6.6	Real Estate Mortgage (Assumed)						
				\$81,473,090 70					

Note.—The mortgage indenture dated Dec. 1, 1919, securing the Mortgage Bonds of Boston and Maine Railroad, also secures on equal terms all other bonds, issued or assumed by the Boston and Maine Railroad referred to in the Mortgage as "Pre-existing Bonds," except that bonds issued or assumed by the Boston and Maine Railroad described as First Mortgage Bonds are prior liens upon separate parts of the property as fully described in the Mortgage. Upon request of the holder and presentation of any pre-existing bond at the office of the Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, the Railroad will print or stamp upon it a statement that it is secured by the Mortgage Indenture dated Dec. 1, 1919.

10

## ROAD AND LEASED ROADS

OUTSTANDING DECEMBER 31, 1925.

ROAD

Bonds Outstanding					Interest		
e J) \$500,000 00		Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Rate		When Payable	
3,660   000   00	(See Note)			Rato	12001400 101 2041	Wall a ayabe	
3,660,000 00							
3,660,000 00	J) \$500,000 00	Feb. 2, 1905	Feb. 2, 1925	G	\$25,208 33	Feb. — Aug	
500,000 00	" 3,660,000 00	May 1, 1905	May 1, 1925	H I	170,800 00 20,000 00	May — Nov Mar. — Sep	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	500,000 00	Nov. 1, 1906	Nov. 1, 1926	4%	20,000 00	Mar. — Sep May — Nov	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,000,000 00	Apr. 1, 1907	Apr. 1, 1927	4%	80,000 00	Apr. — Oct	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,450,000 00	Jan. 1, 1898	Jan. 1, 1928	4%	58,000 00	Jan. — July	
$\begin{array}{c} 1,212,500\ 00 \\ 1,030,000\ 00 \\ 1,106,000\ 00 \\ 1,106,000\ 00 \\ 1,106,000\ 00 \\ 1,11,1924 \\ 1,11,1929 \\ 1,11929 \\ 1,11,11,1929 \\ 1,11,11,1929 \\ 1,11,11,1929 \\ 1,11,11,1929 \\ 1,11,11,1929 \\ 1,11,11,1929 \\ 1,11,11,1929 \\ 1,11,11,11,1929 \\ 1,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,1$	10,273,000 00	Jan. 1, 1920	Jan. 1, 1929	6%	616,380 00	Jan. — July	
1,106,000 00	1,212,500 00	Dec. 29, 1920	Jan. 1, 1929	6%	72,750 00	Jan. — July Jan. — July	
Apr. 1, 1909	1,106,000 00	Jan. 1, 1924	Jan. 1, 1929	6%	66,360 00	Jan. — July Apr. — Oct	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	350,000 00	Apr. 1, 1909	Apr. 1, 1929	4%	14,000 00	Apr. — Oct Jan. — July	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	к 3,842,000 00	June 1, 1920	June 1, 1930	6%		June — Dec May — Nov	
1,000,000 00	609,000 00	Oct. 1, 1921	Oct. 1, 1931	6%	182,940 00	Jan. — July Apr. — Oct	
	1,000,000 00	Apr. 1, 1892	Apr. 1, 1932	4%	40,000 00	Jan. — July Apr. — Oct	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	400,000 00	Jan. 1, 1913	Jan. 1, 1933	41/2%	18,000 00	Jan. — July	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5,894,000 00	Jan. 1, 1924	Jan. 1, 1934	6%	353,640 00	Jan. — Jul	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	380,000 00	Oct. 1, 1894	Oct. 1, 1934	4%	15,200 00	Apr. — Oct Jan. — July	
5,000,000 00   Feb. 1, 1887   Feb. 1, 1937   4%   200,000 00   Feb 1, 1937   4½%   45,000 00   June - 1, 1877   June 1, 1937   4½%   45,000 00   June - 1, 1892   Aug. 1, 1942   4%   100,000 00   Feb 1	5,000,000 00	June 1, 1922	June 1, 1935	6%	300,000 00	June — Dec Mar. — Sep	
F 2,500,000 00 Aug. 1, 1892 Aug. 1, 1942 4% 100,000 00 Feb. —	Е 1,919,000 00	Feb. 1, 1887 Feb. 1, 1887	Feb. 1, 1937 Feb. 1, 1937	4%	76,760 00 200,000 00	Feb. — Aug Feb. — Aug	
1,000,000,00 Sont 1,1902 Sont 1,1042 407 40,000,00 Mor -	f 2,500,000 00	Aug. 1, 1892	Aug. 1, 1942	4%	100,000 00	June — Dec Feb. — Aug	
6,000,000 00   Jan. 1, 1894   Jan. 1, 1944   4½%   270,000 00   Jan. —				4%		Mar. — Sep Jan. — July	
$34,542,000\ 00$ Jan. 15, 1920 Jan. 15, 1926-'35 $6\%$ 273,655 50 Jan. — 3	4,542,000 00	Jan. 15, 1920	Jan. 15, 1926-'35	51/07	273,655 50	Jan. — July Jan. — July Feb. — Aug	
1,833,000 00   June 1, 1923   June 1, 1926-'38 6%   113,505 00   June —	1,833,000 00	June 1, 1923	June 1, 1926-'38	6%	113,505 00	June — Dec MarJunSeptDe	

A 323 Shares owned by Boston and Maine R. R.
B 262 Shares owned by Nashua and Lowell R. R.
C No dividends paid on 12 shares. 56 Shares owned by Boston and Maine R. R.
5 \$1,000.00 owned by Nashua and Lowell R. R.
E Sinking Fund in hands of Trustee, ledger value \$2,457,527.78 (per Table 15), \$7,000.00 owned by Nashua and Lowell R. R.
E \$11,000.00 owned by Nashua and Lowell R. R.
G 3½% to maturity, 6% from Feb. 2 to Mar. 31, and 5% from April 1, 1925.
H 4% to maturity, 5% from May 1, 1925.
These bonds appear on balance sheet under the caption of Funded Debt Matured Unpaid as required by ruling of I. C. C.
E \$1,000.00 owned by Boston and Maine R.R.
Includes \$116,424.16 interest accrued on bonds held in Sinking Funds.

## BOSTON AND MAINE RAIL

CAPITAL STOCK AND FUNDED DEBT

LEASED

		C.	APITAL STOCK		
NAME OF ROAD AND DESCRIPTION		mount Outstanding		Dividends	
	Α:	mount Outstanding	Rate	Amount	
Nashua and Lowell		\$800,000 00	9%	\$72,000	. (
Stony Brook		300,000 00	, 0	21,000	
Wilton		240,000 00		20,400	
Peterborough	A	385,000 00	, 2,0	15,400	
New Boston	В	84,000 00		2,800	
Concord and Portsmouth		350,000 00	7%	24,500	(
Pemigewasset Valley	C	541,500 00	6%	32,490	(
Franklin & Tilton	D	265,600 00	)		
Northern		3,068,400 00	6%	184,104	(
Vermont and Massachusetts		3,193,000 00	6%	191,580	(
Froy & Bennington		150,800 00	10%	15,080	(
Peterborough and Hillsborough	E	45,000 00			
Newport & Richford (See Note Table 7)	G	350,000 00			
Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers—Preferred	Н	2,500,000 00	6%	150,000	(
Massawippi Valley	I	800,000 00	6%	24,000	(
Concord & Claremont N. H	J	412,400 00	)		
Vermont Valley	L	1,000,000 00	5%	50,000	(
ullivan County	M	500,000 00	8%	40,000	(
Totals for Leased Roads		\$14,985,700 00		\$843,354	-
Grand Total — Owned and Leased Roads		<b>\$</b> 96,458,790 70		\$843,354	

<sup>331</sup> shares owned by Boston and Maine Railroad.
240 shares owned by Boston and Maine Railroad, of which no dividends are paid on 140 shares.
381 shares owned by Boston and Maine Railroad.
1,328 shares owned by Boston and Maine Railroad and 1,328 shares held by the Boston and Maine Railroad assignee of lease of Northern Railroad, being the total amount outstanding.
All held by the Boston and Maine Railroad, assignee of lease of the Northern Railroad
All owned by Boston and Maine Railroad

## ROAD AND LEASED ROADS

OUTSTANDING DECEMBER 31, 1925 — Concluded

ROADS

FUNDED DEBT	F	U	N	D	E	D	I	)	E	B	T
-------------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Bonds Outstanding	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity		Interest	
Bonus Outstanding	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Rate	Accrued for Year	When Payable
		111			
					-
	,				
F First \$100,000 00 E Second 65,000 00	July 1, 1897 Apr. 30, 1877	July 1, 1926 Apr. 30, 1887	4½%	\$4,500 00 No Interest	Jan. — July
First 350,000 00	Jan. 2, 1911	Jan. 1, 1941	5%		Jan. — July
First Mortgage 1,900,000 00	Apr. 1, 1893	Apr. 1, 1943	4%	76,000 00	Apr. — Oct.
K First 500,000 00	Jan. 1, 1914	Jan. 1, 1944	5%	25,000 00	Jan. — July
First Mortgage 1,500,000 00	Oct. 1, 1910	Oct. 1, 1940	4120%	67,500 00	Apr. — Oct.
First 357,000 00	Apr. 1, 1924	Apr. 1, 1944	600	21,420 00	Apr. — Oct.
\$4,772,000 00				\$211,920 00	
\$136,821,479 00				\$6,922,424 66	

All held by Boston and Maine Railroad, assignee of lease of the Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers R. R. Co. 7,000 shares held by the Boston Safe Deposit & Trust Co., trustee under the mortgage as collateral security for payment of First Mortgage Bonds of the Vermont Valley Railroad.

4,000 shares held by the Boston Safe Deposit & Trust Co., trustee under the mortgage as collateral security for payment of First Mortgage Bonds of the Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers R. R. Co., and 1,000 shares held by the Boston Safe Deposit & Trust Co., trustee under the mortgage as collateral security for payment of First Mortgage Bonds of the Vermont Valley Railroad.

Deposit & Trust Co., trustee under the mortgage as collateral security for payment of First Mortgage Bonds of the Vermont Valley Railroad.

117 shares owned by Boston and Maine Railroad and 4,000 shares held by the Boston and Maine Railroad, assignee of lease of Northern Railroad.

\$10,000.00 owned by Northern Railroad.

All capital stock owned by Boston and Maine Railroad.

All capital stock owned by Vermont Valley Railroad.

OTE. In addition to the above, 1,750 shares of capital stock of the Lake Champlain and St. Lawrence Junction Ry. Co. and 6,400 shares of capital stock of the Montreal and Atlantic Ry. Co. are held by the Boston and Maine Railroad, assignee of lease of the Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers R. R. Co.

There is also outstanding \$2,300,000 6% Notes of the Vermont Valley R.R. due August 31, 1916.

#### N

## BOSTON AND MAINE RAII

ROAD OPERATE

	NAME OF ROAD	FROM	ТО
	STEAM ROADS		
oston and	d Maine R.R	Boston, Mass	Rigby, Me. (Dover Route)
oston and			Rigby, Me. (Portsmouth Route)
66			
4.6			Intervale, N. H
"		0 /	Northampton, Mass
		,	Westbrook, Me. (Gorham Line)
66			Fitchburg, Mass
6.6		Greenfield, Mass	Rotterdam Jct., N. Y
66		Vermont State Line	Troy, N. Y
66		South Ashburnham, Mass	Bellows Falls, Vt
66			Lowell, Mass
- 44		37 1 'TT 1 C 37 YT	Woodsville and Groveton, N. H
"		0 1 0 11 25	Brattleboro, Vt
66	MedfordBran		Medford, Mass
66			
"	South Reading	Wakefield Jct., Mass	Peabody, Mass
"	Newburyport	Wakefield Jct., Mass	Newburyport, Mass
	Georgetown	Bradford, Mass	Georgetown, Mass
66	Merrinac	Newton Jct., N. H	Merrimac, Mass
6.6	Lakeport"	Dover, N. H	Lakeport, N. H
6.6	Somersworth"	Rollinsford, N. H	Somersworth, N. H
66	Charlestown"	East Somerville, Mass	Charlestown, Mass
66	Saugus"	Everett Jct., Mass	West Lynn, Mass
6.6	East Boston"	Revere, Mass	East Boston, Mass
6.6	Swampscott"	Swampscott, Mass	Marblehead, Mass
4.4	Marblehead	Salem, Mass	Marblehead, Mass.
66	Tampanaa "		
4.6	Lawrence	Salem, Mass	North Andover, Mass
"	Gloucester	Beverly, Mass	Rockport, Mass
	Essex	Hamilton and Wenham, Mass	Conomo, Mass
66	Newburyport City	Freight Tracks, Newburyport, Mass.	Water Front
4.6	Amesbury"	Salisbury, Mass	Amesbury, Mass
"	Portsmouth and Dover "	Portsmouth, N. H	Dover, N. H
4.6	Wolfeboro "	Sanbornville, N. H	Wolfeboro, N. H
4.6	Salem, Mass "	Freight Tracks	
. 6	Phillips Wharf"	Freight Tracks, Salem, Mass	Phillips Wharf
44	Billerica Shop Tracks "	At Billerica, Mass	
66	Hoosac Docks"	Freight Tracks	In Boston
66	Watertown"		Waltham, Mass
44		West Cambridge, Mass	Marlboro, Mass
"	Mariboro	South Acton, Mass	
	Greenville	Ayer, Mass	Greenville, N. H
66	MIIIOra	Squannacook Jct., Mass	Milford, N. H
4.6	ASHDUITHIAIII	South Ashburnham, Mass	Ashburnham, Mass
4.6	Worcester	Worcester, Mass	Winchendon, Mass
6.6	Peterborough"	Winchendon, Mass	Peterboro, N. H
4.6	Saratoga"	East Saratoga Jct., N. Y	Saratoga, N. Y
6.6	Schuylerville"	Schuyler Jct., N. Y	Schuylerville, N. Y
66	Mystic	Mystic Jct., Mass	Mystic Wharves, Mass
"	Lexington"	Somerville Jct., Mass	Reformatory, Mass
4.6	Bedford and Billerica		North Billerica, Mass
44	Dediord and Dinerica	Bedford, Mass	North Wohum Let Mass
"	WODUIII	Winchester, Mass	North Woburn Jct., Mass
	Stonenam	Montvale, Mass	Stoneham, Mass
"	Lawrence	Wilmington, Mass	Wilmington Jct., Mass
44	Salem and Lowell "	Tewksbury Jct., Mass	Peabody, Mass
66	Lowell and Lawrence "	Lowell, Mass	Lawrence, Mass
6.6	Manchester and Keene "	Greenfield, N. H	Keene, N. H

## OAD AND LEASED ROADS

ECEMBER 31, 1925

	_				MILEAGE				
	Owned	Roads	Leased	Roads	Total	0 1	(D) 1 - 1	C: 1-	Total
	Main	Branch	Main	Branch	Road	Second Track	Third Track	Side Tracks	Track
	Lines	Lines	Lines	Lines	Operated			1	Operated
	111.09					00.00		107 91	017 4
						99.06		107.31	317.4
	104.90							83.61	252.0
	73.14							15.32	88.4
	95.58							22.94	118.5
	139.49					45.97		93.12	278.5
	49.59					49.59		99.49	198.6
	104.86					70.79	1.20	117.93	294.7
	40.37					15.55		16.92	72.8
	53.78							20.96	74.7
	25.52					25.52		71.16	122.2
	180.46		1			35.67		127.74	343.8
	59.11					37.46		62.94	159.5
		1.78				1.72		1.01	4.5
		8.13				1.12		2.08	10.2
		30.42						3.47	33.8
		6.10		• • • • • • • • • •					
		4.44						1.23	7.3
								. 69	5.1
		45:04						8.18	53.2
.,		2.84						2.04	4.8
		1.14				. 62		19.24	21.0
		9.74				9.66		4.28	23.6
		1.84						3.73	5.
		4.35				. 27			4.0
		3.57						1.21	4.
		19.88				1.95		7.32	29.
	J	16.64				12.98		5.43	35.0
		6.00						1.46	7.4
		1.97						1.22	3.
		3.78						2.61	6.3
		10.62							
		12.25						3.04	13.0
		12.25						2.87	15.
								. 63	
		1.08						2.71.	3.
								25.17	25.
		.79				.48		1.39	2.0
		6.64				6.49		5.90	19.
		12.25						3.69	15.9
		23.67						3.22	26.8
		21.59						3.96	25.
		2.59						.26	2.8
		35.68						13.80	49.4
		15.92						3.85	19.
		17.90						2.27	
									20.
		8.20						1.41	9.0
		2.06				. 87		42.66	45.
		18.71				8.19		4.08	30.9
		8.06						1.01	9.0
		5.98				5.97		2.48	14.4
		2.41						1.50	3.9
		3.27						1.65	4.9
		16.80						2.64	19.4
		12.29						7.39	19.0
		29.52						2.08	31.
								2.00	01.0
								4	
	1 00= 00	405.01				100		1.041.05	0.011
	1,037.89	435.94				492.37	1.20	1,044.30	3,011.7

## BOSTON AND MAINE RAII

ROAD OPERATEI

<sup>\*</sup>Operated under contract.

## ROAD AND LEASED ROADS

DECEMBER 31, 1925—Continued

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Branch Lines  435.94  8.79 20.13 24.62 4.20 30.56 3.42 18.54 2.26 3.26 1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76		95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	Second Track  492.37  7.13 .75  .26 13.31 .95 4.39 .18	Third Track  1.20	Side Tracks  1,044.30  2.18 3.90 7.31 .57 12.29 .19 .58 1.91 1.36 .17 5.12 4.39 19.33 .81 .52 26.84 1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03 3.25	Total Track Operated  3,011.7  10.9 24.0 31.9 4.7 42.8 3.6 19.1 4.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3 11.6
	Lines 1,037.89	8.79 20.13 24.62 4.20 30.56 3.42 18.54 2.26 3.26 1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	Lines  13.31		1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 	1.20	1,044.30  2.18 3.90 7.31 .57 12.29 .19 .58 1.91 1.36 .17 5.12 4.39 19.33 .81 .52 26.84 1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03	3,011.7  10.9 24.0 31.9 4.7 42.8 3.6 19.1 4.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3 11.6
	3.17	8.79 20.13 24.62 4.20 30.56 3.42 18.54 2.26 3.26 1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64 5.16	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 	.09	2.18 3.90 7.31 .57 12.29 .19 .58 1.91 1.36 .17 5.12 4.39 19.33 .81 .52 26.84 1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03	10.9 24.0 31.9 4.7 42.8 3.6 19.1 4.1 4.6 1.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3 11.6
	3.17	8.79 20.13 24.62 4.20 30.56 3.42 18.54 2.26 3.26 1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64 5.16	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 	.09	2.18 3.90 7.31 .57 12.29 .19 .58 1.91 1.36 .17 5.12 4.39 19.33 .81 .52 26.84 1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03	10.9 24.0 31.9 4.7 42.8 3.6 19.1 4.1 4.6 1.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3 11.6
	3.17	20.13 24.62 4.20 30.56 3.42 18.54 2.26 3.26 1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64 5.16	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 .26 13.31 .95 4.39 .18	.09	3.90 7.31 .57 12.29 .19 .58 1.91 1.36 .17 5.12 4.39 19.33 .81 .52 26.84 1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03	24.0 31.9 4.7 42.8 3.6 19.1 4.1 4.6 1.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3 11.6
	3.17	24.62 4.20 30.56 3.42 18.54 2.26 3.26 1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 .26 13.31 .95 4.39 .18	. 09	7.31 $.57$ $12.29$ $.19$ $.58$ $1.91$ $1.36$ $.17$ $5.12$ $4.39$ $19.33$ $.81$ $.52$ $26.84$ $1.29$ $6.86$ $4.75$ $1.03$	31.9 4.7 42.8 3.6 19.1 4.1 4.6 1.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3
	3.17	4.20 30.56 3.42 18.54 2.26 3.26 1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 .26 13.31 .95 4.39 .18	. 09	.57 12.29 .19 .58 1.91 1.36 .17 5.12 4.39 19.33 .81 .52 26.84 1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03	4.7 42.8 3.6 19.1 4.1 4.6 1.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3
	3.17	30.56 3.42 18.54 2.26 3.26 1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 .26 13.31 .95 4.39 .18	. 09	12.29 .19 .58 1.91 1.36 .17 5.12 4.39 19.33 .81 .52 26.84 1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03	42.8 3.6 19.1 4.1 4.6 1.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3
	3.17	3.42 18.54 2.26 3.26 1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 .26 13.31 .95 4.39 .18	. 09	$\begin{array}{c} .19 \\ .58 \\ 1.91 \\ 1.36 \\ .17 \\ 5.12 \\ 4.39 \\ 19.33 \\ .81 \\ .52 \\ 26.84 \\ 1.29 \\ 6.86 \\ 4.75 \\ 1.03 \\ \end{array}$	3.6 19.1 4.1 4.6 1.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3
	3.17	18.54 2.26 3.26 1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 	. 09	.58 1.91 1.36 .17 5.12 4.39 19.33 .81 .52 26.84 1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03	19.1 4.1 4.6 1.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3
	3.17	2.26 3.26 1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 	. 09	1.91 1.36 .17 5.12 4.39 19.33 .81 .52 26.84 1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03	4.1 4.6 1.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3
	3.17	3.26 1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 	. 09	$egin{array}{c} 1.36 \\ .17 \\ 5.12 \\ 4.39 \\ 19.33 \\ .81 \\ .52 \\ 26.84 \\ 1.29 \\ 6.86 \\ 4.75 \\ 1.03 \\ \end{array}$	4.6 1.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3
	3.17	1.02 21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 	. 09	$\begin{array}{c} .17 \\ 5.12 \\ 4.39 \\ 19.33 \\ .81 \\ .52 \\ 26.84 \\ 1.29 \\ 6.86 \\ 4.75 \\ 1.03 \\ \end{array}$	1.1 26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3
	3.17	21.66 7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 	. 09	5.12 4.39 19.33 .81 .52 26.84 1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03	26.7 18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3
	3.17	7.13 27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	7.13 .75 	. 09	$egin{array}{c} 4.39 \\ 19.33 \\ .81 \\ .52 \\ 26.84 \\ 1.29 \\ 6.86 \\ 4.75 \\ 1.03 \\ \end{array}$	18.6 47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3 11.6
	3.17	27.16 4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64		. 09	19.33 .81 .52 26.84 1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03	47.2 5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3
	3.17	4.63 3.76	13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64		. 09	$ \begin{array}{r} .81 \\ .52 \\ 26.84 \\ 1.29 \\ 6.86 \\ 4.75 \\ 1.03 \end{array} $	5.4 7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		13.31	.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	1,658.14 14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	.26 13.31 .95 4.39 .18	. 09	$\begin{array}{c} .52 \\ 26.84 \\ 1.29 \\ 6.86 \\ 4.75 \\ 1.03 \end{array}$	7.7 53.5 3.1 24.5 20.3
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			.95 13.25 15.41 10.64	14.26 13.25 15.41 10.64	13.31 .95 4.39 .18	.09	26.84 1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03	53.8 3.1 24.8 20.3 11.6
				13.25 15.41 10.64 5.16	13.25 15.41 10.64	.95 4.39 .18		1.29 6.86 4.75 1.03	3.1 24.5 20.3 11.6
				15.41 10.64 5.16	13.25 15.41 10.64	4.39		6.86 4.75 1.03	24.5 20.3 11.6
				15.41 10.64 5.16	15.41 10.64	.18		4.75 1.03	20.3 11.6
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		5.16	10.64			1.03	11.6
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			5.16					
	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			5.16				3.2
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							.60	5.7
				39.82	39.82			14.65	54.4
				21.41	21.41			4.58	25.9
				4.96	4.96			3.07	8.0
			69.53					24.39	93.9
				12.78	82.31			1.11	13.8
				56.84				10.35	67.
				14.60	71.44			2.25	16.8
• • • • •				18.05				1.78	19.8
				. 18	18.23				. ]
			56.02			56.02	4.77	72.43	189.2
			.12						. ]
					56.14			3 28	3.2
				5.03	5.03		,	. 93	5.9
			109.40			. 63		46.63	156.6
• • • • •			.21		109.61				. 2
			31.96					9.37	41.3
				3.52	35.48			1.01	4.5
	• • • • • • • •		24.69		24.69	15.55		4.78	45.0
			24.31			17.07		6.28	47.6
			1.00		25.31				1.0
			.73		.73		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.57	1.3
1									

## BOSTON AND MAINE RAI

ROAD OPERATE

NAME OF ROAD	FROM	то
TRACKAGE RIGHTS Portland Terminal Co  """""  """"  Boston & Albany R.R  """"  Troy Union R.R  Delaware & Hudson Co  """  Canadian National Ry. Co. Rutland R.R. Co. Central Vermont Ry.  Total Trackage Rights  Total Steam Roads	Rigby, Me Rigby, Me Westbrook, Me. (Gorham Line) Cumberland Mills, Me Connecting Track. Water St., Springfield, Mass Hoosick St., Troy, N. Y. Mechanicville, N. Y. Coons, N. Y. Lennoxville, P. Q. Connecticut River Bridge. Brattleboro, Vt.	Portland, Me., Union Station  " Commercial St. " Union Station. " Fore River Yard  In Winchendon, Mass., Springfield, Mass. Station. Station in Troy, N. Y. West End Tower. Crescent, N. Y. Sherbrooke, P. Q. Bellows Falls Station, Vt. East Northfield, Mass.
ELECTRIC RAILWAYS  *Portsmouth Electric Railway  Concord Electric Railways.  Total Electric Railways.  Grand Total Steam and Electric Roads—  December 31, 1925.  Mileage in Hoosac Tunnel Zone electrified  (included above).	Concord, N. H.	Manchester and Penacook, N.H.

#### SUMMAR

DESCRIPTION			MILEAGE	
	DESCRIPTION	Owned	Leased	Total
	Steam Roads			
Main Lines		1,041.06	331.28	1,372.34
Branch Lines		617.08	. 222.60	839.68
Frackage Right	S		35.82	35.82
Total Roo	ad Operated	1,658.14	589.70	2,247.84
econd Track		500.51	А 129.39	629.90
			в 5.85	7.05
lide Track		1,104.93	252.08	1,357.01
Total Tro	ack Operated	3,264.78	977.02	4,241.80
	ELECTRIC RAILWAYS			
Branch Lines		42.85		42.85
Side Tracks		2.87		2.87
Total		45.72		45.72
	tal Tracks Operated—Steam and Electric Roads— mber 31, 1925	3,310.50	977.02	4,287.52

A Includes trackage rights, 21.29 miles.

B Includes trackage rights, .99 mile.

c Includes Mileage of Electric Railways.

<sup>\*</sup>Operation discontinued May 17, 1925.

## OAD AND LEASED ROADS

ECEMBER 31, 1925—Concluded

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	MILEAGE										
	Owned Main Lines	Roads Branch Lines	Leased Main Lines	Roads Branch Lines	Total Road Operated	Second Track	Third Track	Side Tracks	Total Track Operated		
	2011105	Diffes	Diffes	Diffes	75						
	1,041.06	617.08	331.28	222.60	2,212.02	608.61	6.06	1,357.01	4,183.70		
								- 9			
			4.41			4.41			8.82		
			3.84			. 55			4.39		
			7.51			2.54			10.05		
			3.80		19.56	3.66			7.46		
				. 16					.16		
			.23		. 39	. 23			46		
						2.00			4.03		
						.99			1.98 6.91		
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2.95		2.95				$\frac{0.91}{2.95}$		
			.34		.34				.34		
			10.55		10.55				10.55		
									58.10		
			35.66	. 16	35.82	21.29					
• • •	1,041.06	617.08	366.94	222.76	2,247.84	629.90	7.05	1,357.01	4,241.80		
		14.14						1.03	15.17		
• •		28.71						1.84	30.55		
		42.85			42.85			2.87	45.72		
	1,041.06	659.93	366.94	222.76	2,290.69	629.90	7.05	1,359.88	4,287.52		
					-						
	7.92				7.92	7.92		5.55	21.39		

	MILEAGE				
BY OPERATING DIVISIONS	Total Road Operated	Second Track	Third Track	Side Tracks	Total Track Operated
Terminal Division. Portland "Southern "Fitchburg-Berkshire Division. White Mountains-Passumpsic Division. Connecticut River Division Portsmouth Electric Concord Electric	13.91 628.48 679.37 404.02 373.24 148.82 14.14 28.71	11.89 202.76 136.96 206.36 1.62 70.31		177.26 260.30 381.93 319.42 134.97 83.13 1.03 1.84	203.06 1,091.54 1,198.35 936.76 509.83 302.26 15.17 30.55
Total	2,290.69	629.90	7.05	1,359.88	4,287.52
BY STATES					
Massachusetts. New Hampshire. Maine. New York. Vermont. Province of Quebec.  Total.	764.09 c 1,048.92 157.30 122.54 159.41 38.43 2,290.69	400.06 115.47 45.71 52.48 16.18 	4.86 2.19 7.05	790.42 360.86 32.45 109.74 56.03 10.38 1,359.88	1,959.43 1,525.25 235.46 286.95 231.62 48.81 4,287.52

#### INVENTORY OF EQUIPMENT

(INCLUDING VERMONT VALLEY AND SULLIVAN COUNTY RAILROADS)

DESCRIPTION	December 31, 1925 (See Note)	December 31, 1924 (See Note)
LOCOMOTIVES  Freight. Passenger Switching. Electric. Total.	439 366 244 7 1,056	457 388 256 7 1,108
Total Tractive Power of Steam Locomotives (pounds)	30,789,550 29,351 472	31,892,450 28,784 432
PASSENGER CAR EQUIPMENT  Coaches Combination Passenger Cars. Other Combination Cars. Dining Cars. Baggage and Express Cars. Postal Cars. Other Passenger-Train Cars.  Total.	1,038 214 50 12 271 16 †101 *1,702	1,118 222 51 12 298 16 ‡96 *1,813
FREIGHT CAR EQUIPMENT  Box Cars. Flat Cars. Stock Cars. Coal and Coke Cars. Refrigerator Cars. Caboose Cars. Other Freight-Train Cars. Total. Aggregate Capacity of Cars in Freight Service (tons of 2,000 lbs.) Average Carrying Capacity per Freight Car.	$   \begin{array}{r}     10,978 \\     746 \\     40 \\     5,371 \\     371 \\     401 \\     2 \\     \hline     17,909 \\     605,893 \\     34.6   \end{array} $	11,518 764 49 6,025 392 411 9 19,168 643,901 34.3
COMPANY SERVICE EQUIPMENT  Officers' and Pay Cars.  Ballast Cars.  Derrick Cars.  Steam Shovels.  Wrecking Cars.  Other Company Service Cars.  Total.  Total, All Classes of Cars.	9 100 20 9 92 801 1,031 20,642	11 100 23 9 92 1,013 1,248 22,229
ELECTRIC RAILWAY EQUIPMENT Passenger Cars. Snow Plows Other Cars. Total.	36 2 4 42	. 55 7 6 68

Norg.—Includes 30 freight, 10 passenger and 24 switching locomotives, 65 coaches, 20 smoking cars, 8 combination baggage and smoking cars, 5 baggage and mail cars, 25 milk cars, 1,599 coal cars, 498 box cars, 200 refrigerator cars and 300 flat cars purchased under Equipment Trust Agreements.

\*Includes 10 Passenger and 4 Baggage Cars in service between Boston and Montreal, 68.33 per cent of which are owned by this Company; also 8 Passenger and 4 Baggage Cars, 24.83 per cent of which are owned by this Company, and 1 Passenger Car, 31.02 per cent of which is owned by this Company, 1 Includes 8 rail motor cars and 4 trailers.

‡Includes 1 rail motor cars.

### CLASSIFICATION OF FREIGHT TRAFFIC

(INCLUDING VERMONT VALLEY AND SULLIVAN COUNTY RAILROADS)

RODUCTS OF AGRICULTURE:  Wheat Corn. Oats. Other Grain. Flour and Meal Other Mill Products Hay, Straw and Alfalfa. Tobacco. Cotton. Cotton Seed and Products, except Oil Citrus Fruits. Other Fresh Fruits. Potatoes.	83,719 209,125 221,049 78,613 358,098 509,255 244,476 9,580 239,643 19,132 52,582	.4 .9 .9 .3 1.5 2.2	90,613 231,993 245,085 51,249 357,898	1.0 1.1	Dec. Dec. Dec.	6,894 22,868
Potatoes. Other Fresh Vegetables. Dried Fruits and Vegetables. Other Products of Agriculture.  Total.	181,198 950,277 98,812 16,069 94,249	1.0 1.0 1.2 .8 4.0 .5 .1	549.070 307,719 9,986 167,272 16,303 69,707 180,103 786,853 91,473 12,490 91,502	1.0	Inc. Inc. Dec. Dec. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. In	24,036 27,364 200 39,816 63,243 72,371 2,829 17,126 1,095 163,424 7,330 3,579 2,747
PRODUCTS OF ANIMALS: Horses and Mules. Cattle and Calves. Sheep and Goats. Hogs. Fresh Meats. Other Packing House Products. Poultry. Eggs. Butter and Cheese Wool. Hides and Leather. Other Products of Animals.	5,210 43,670 2,286 16,037 124,683 52,652 14,958 31,468 36,627 85,580 140,924 75,725	.0 .2 .1 .1 .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 .4 .6	5,491 49,105 2,294 19,759 134,757 63,413 18,601 28,754 38,243 82,738 145,352 72,167	.0 .2 .0 .1 .6 .3 .1 .1 .1 .2 .4 .6 .3	Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Inc. Dec. Inc. Dec. Inc. Dec.	281 5,435 8 3,728 10,074 10,781 3,645 2,714 1,616 2,851 4,428 3,558
Total.  PRODUCTS OF MINES: Anthracite Coal Bituminous Coal. Coke Iron Ore Other Ores and Concentrates. Clay, Gravel, Sand and Stone Asphaltum Salt. Other Products of Mines.  Total.	629,829  2,159,876 2,842,258 241,291 5,159 11,218 922,616 27,077 102,399 82,657 6,394,551	9.2 11.9 1.0 .0 .1 3.9 .1 .5 .4	660,674 2,694,585 2,305,622 127,605 1,484 6,917 853,001 26,469 116,041 82,777 6,214,501	11.9 10.2 .6 .1 .0 3.8 .1 .5 .5	Dec. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. In	534,708 536,636 113,686 3,677 4,307 69,611 6008 13,644 126 180,056
PRODUCTS OF FORESTS:  Logs, Posts, Poles and Cord Wood.  Ties.  Pulp Wood.  Lumber, Timber, Box Shooks, Staves and Headings.  Other Products of Forests.  Total.	129,188 33,286 451,896 1,996,593 167,159	.5 .1 2.0 8.4 .8	150,731 19,851 373,522 2,047,557 167,191 2,758,852	.7 .1 1.6 9.1 .8 12.3	Dec. Inc. Inc. Dec. Dec. Inc.	21,54 13,43 78,37 50,96 3
Manufactures and Miscellaneous: Refined Petroleum and its Products. Vegetable Oils. Sugar, Sirup, Glucose and Molasses Boats and Vessel Supplies. Iron, Pig and Bloom. Rails and Fastenings. Bar and Sheet Iron. Structural Iron and Iron Pipe. Other Metals, Pig. Bar and Sheet. Castings, Machinery and Boilers. Cement. Brick and Artificial Stone. Lime and Plaster. Sewer Pipe and Drain Tile. Agricultural Implements and Vehicles other than Automobiles. Automobiles and Auto Trucks. Household Goods and Second-hand Furniture. Furniture (new). Beverages. Ice. Fertilizers (all kinds). Paper, Printed Matter and Books. Chemicals and Explosives. Textiles. Canned Goods (all Canned Food Products). Other Manufactures and Miscellaneous  Total.  Grand Total, Carload Traffic. Merchandise—All L. C. L. Freight.	1,058,964 13,188 255,504 885 109,836 13,132 319,756 52,024 183,122 335,094 368,411 187,057 31,663 15,987 109,574 3,513 35,431 18,296 632,143 125,592 901,330 304,138 131,095 118,255	11.8 4.5 1 1.1 .0 .5 1 1.3 .2 .8 1.7 1.5 .8 .1 .7 .0 .2 .8 .1 .7 .0 .8 .1 .7 .0 .8 .1 .7 .0 .8 .1 .7 .8 .1 .7 .8 .1 .7 .8 .1 .8 .8 .1 .8 .8 .8 .8 .8 .8 .8 .8 .8 .8	965,758 10,257 232,378 1,096 94,422 23,114 258,185 45,216 172,916 400,148 251,944 166,965 27,686 24,807 132,732 4,231 34,661 16,114 575,191 141,416 911,154 290,073 126,996 105,456 2,899,175 7,912,091 20,805,434 1,659,478	4 .3 .1 1.0 .4 .1 1.1 .2 .8 1.9 1.1 .7 .1 .1 .6 .0 .2 .1 .1 .2 .8 1.9 1.1 .7 .1 .1 .6 .6 .6 .7 .1 .1 .6 .7 .1 .6 .6 .7 .7 .1 .6 .6 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7	Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Dec. Inc. Dec. Inc. Inc. Dec. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. In	93,200 2,93 23,121 1.15,41- 9,98: 61,57 7,700 10,200 50,05: 116,46 <sup>2</sup> 20,09: 3,97 <sup>2</sup> 8,82, 36,84: 777 2,18: 56,95: 14,06: 4,099: 12,79: 342,49: 774,46 1,049,50 59,36

## TRAFFIC AND OPERATING STATISTICS

(INCLUDING VERMONT VALLEY AND SULLIVAN COUNTY RAILROADS, ELECTRIC RAILWAYS AND BUS OPERATIONS NOT INCLUDED)

Year ended Dec. 31, 1925	Year ended Dec. 31, 1924			Per Cent
23,573,777 2,028,001	22,464,912	Inc.	1,108,865	4.94
25,601,778	24,670,007	Inc.	931,771	3.78
2,955,885,209 126,335,347	2,856,979,281 143,396,949	Inc.	98,905,928	3.46
3,082,220,556	3,000,376,230	Inc.	81,844,326	2.73
\$51,422,232.20	\$49,105,965.48	Inc.	\$2,316,266.72	4.72
125.39	127.18	Dec.	1.79	1.41
62.30 120.39	65.03	Dec.	2.73	4.20
487,17 507,99	469.42	Inc.	17.75	3.78
19.28	19.61	Dec.	.33	1.68
35.40	33.81	Inc.	1.59	2.48 4.70 5.63
10.09	9.85	Inc.	.24	2.44
1.740	1.719	Inc.	.021	1.22
33.535	33.710	Dec.	.175	5.04
\$1,498,070.53	\$1,557,892.37	Dec.	\$59,821.84	3.84
10,623,371.42	11,843,683.98	Dec.	1,220,312.56	6.15
\$20,008,934.73				6.83
\$26,937,020.28	\$28,137,113.69			4.27
7,621,083	8,171,990	Deci	550,907	6.74
11,497,912	13,004,971	Dec.	1,507,059	6.46
	40,067,390	Dec.	3,176,871	7.93
139,002,881	149,200,011	Dec.	10,197,130	3.70 6.83
303,321,937 146,641,735	334,022,999 144,564,185	Dec.	30,701,062 2,077,550	9.19
740,126,561	784,759,197	Dec.	44,632,636	5.69
26,001,054	27,754,471	Dec.	1,753,417	6.32
90.00	10.00	7	48	0.40
75.91	78.98	Dec.	3.07	2.40 3.89
				2.63
54.24	53.60	Inc.	.64	1.16
1.880	1.866	Inc.	.014	.10
3.381	3.444	Dec.	.063	1.24
58.051	60.341	Dec.	.034 2.290	1 -24 3 80
\$2.762	\$2.832	Dec.	\$0.070	2.47
\$81,414,499.55	\$80,212,854.01			1.50
		-		3.02
77.15%	80.74%	Dec.	(3.59)	4.45
2,262.38	2,292.33	Dec.	29.95	1.31
e25 noc no	894 001 04	T	2004.20	0.04
27,763.23	28,253.33	Dec.	490.10	2.84
		Inc.	\$1,484.48	22.03
\$11,906.50	\$12,274.46	Dec.	\$367.96	6.10 3.00
1,362,380	1,308,876	Inc.	53,504	4.83
2,653	2,620	Inc.	33	1.26
	4,323	Dec.	21	19.57
4,302 37	46	Dec.	9	19.67
37 19 7,011		Dec.	9 3	.04
37 19	46 19	-	-	_
	Dec. 31, 1925  23,573,777 2,028,001 25,601,778 2,955,885,209 126,335,347 3,082,220,556 \$51,422,232.20  125,39 62,30 120,39 487,17 507,99 19.28 20,10 35,40 25,31 10.09 \$2.18133 1.740 \$8.475 33.535  \$1,498,070.53 2,612,662.97 10,623,371,42 4,958,564.42 \$20,008,934.73 \$26,937,020.28 7,621,083 16,086,154 11,497,912 1,685,370 36,890,519  151,160,008 139,002,881 303,321,937 146,641,735 740,126,561 26,001,054  20.06 75,91 21,47 5,36 54,24 9,91 1,880 3,362,381 2,703 3,881 2,703 3,881 2,703 3,881 2,703 3,881 2,703 3,890,519	Dec. 31, 1925         Dec. 31, 1924           23,573,777 2,028,001         2,2464,912 2,205,095           25,601,778         24,670,007           2,955,885,209 126,335,347         24,856,979,281 143,396,949           3,082,220,556         3,600,376,230           \$51,422,232.20         \$49,105,965.48           125,39 62,30 120,39 120,39 120,39 121,62 487,17         127,18 62,30 121,622 487,17           466,42 507,99 19,28         19,61 19,61 20,10 20,60 35,40 33,81 25,31 10,09 9,85 \$2,18133         \$2,1859 19,61 17,19 9,85 \$3,475 \$8,068 33,353           \$1,498,070,53 2,612,662,97 10,623,371,42 4,955,564,42 4,955,564,42 4,955,564,42 4,955,564,42 4,979,351,73 \$20,008,934,73         \$1,557,892,37 2,783,983,13 17,196,322 17,186,83,23 17,196,322 11,843,683,98 4,979,351,73 13,004,971 11,685,370 16,94,107 36,890,519         \$1,719,90 40,067,390           151,160,008 139,002,881 330,321,937 334,022,999 146,641,735 144,641,735 144,564,185 740,126,561 27,754,471         15,96 20,01 18,80 3,381 21,47 22,05           \$81,414,499,55 62,810,967,25 52,832         54,0 42,262,38 22,792,26 811,406,53 3,381 2,762,380 3,384,222,99 86,738,51           \$82,762,38 22,792,26 811,906,53 812,274,46 82,292,33         \$80,212,854,01 64,765,907,37 818,603,532,30 82,292,33           \$82,763,32 22,792,26 811,906,53 811,906,538 1,246,321 1,308,576 327,145         \$21,421,86 811,906,538 1,246,321 1,308,576 327,145           \$82,822,99 86,738,51 1,308,576 327,145         \$21,421,86 811,906,53 1,308,576 327,145           \$82	Dec. 31, 1925   Dec. 31, 1924   Inc. 2,028,001   2,205,095   Dec. 25,601,778   24,670,007   Inc. 126,335,347   143,396,949   Dec. 126,335,347   143,396,949   Dec. 126,335,347   143,396,949   Dec. 126,335,347   143,396,949   Dec. 120,39   121,62   Dec. 120,30   Dec. 120,39   Dec. 120	Dec. 31, 1925

<sup>\*</sup> Does not include Caboose Car Mileage.
\*\* Includes Sleeping and Parlor Car surcharge.

<sup>†</sup> Includes "Exclusive work equipment."

## TRAFFIC AND OPERATING STATISTICS—Concluded

	Year ended Dec. 31, 1925	Year ended Dec. 31, 1924		rease or ecrease	Per Cent.
AVERAGES PER REVENUE TRAIN MILE Operating revenues	\$5.13	\$4.99	Inc.	\$0.14	2.81
Operating expenses		4.03 \$0.96	Dec.	0.07 \$0.21	$\frac{1.74}{21.88}$
Net operating revenue	25.49	24.19	Inc.	1.30	5.37
Loaded freight car miles — mixed trains.  Empty freight car miles — freight trains.	4.17	3.59 9.96	Inc.	.58	16.16 2.21
Empty freight car miles — mixed trains	1.66 5.36	1.10 5.40	Inc. Dec.	.56	50.91
Passenger train car miles — passenger trains	1.63	1.53	Inc.	.10	6.54
AVERAGES BED DEVENOUS LOSSING MILE					
AVERAGES PER REVENUE LOCOMOTIVE MILE	.80	0.0	D	0.0	9 //
Train miles — freight trains	29.14	.82 28.94	Dec. Inc.	.20	2.44
Train miles — passenger trains	.94 5.09	.95 5.09	Dec.	.01	1.05
Train miles — mixed trains.	93	.95 5.94	Dec.	.02	2.11 17.51
Train miles — special trains	.91 4.87	.95 5.27	Dec.	.04	4 21 7.59
out times operat trans-	3.01	0.21	Dec.	.40	7.00
*LOCOMOTIVE MILEAGE	7,570,123	7 454 000	Inc	115,133	1 5.0
Freight service	10,240,799	7,454,990 10,519,223	Inc. Dec.	278,424	1.54 2.65
Mixed service	90,013 47,078	112,023 45,468	Dec.	22,010 1,610	19.65 3.54
Passenger service. Mixed service. Special service Train switching. Yard switching.	627,591 4,219,461	602,197 4,219,265	Inc.	25,394 196	4.22
Total transportation service	22,795,065	22,953,166	Dec.	158,101	.69
Work service.	430,880 23,225,945	446,442 23,399,608	Dec.	15.562	3.49
Total locomotive miles					
TRAIN MILEAGE					
Freight service	6,001,966 9,732,350	6,005,753	Dec. Dec.	3,787 186,272	.06 1.88
Passenger service Mixed service** Special service	83,748 42,978	9,918,652 106,705	Dec.	22,957 395	21.51
Special service. Total revenue train miles.	15,861,072	42,583 16,073,693	Inc.	212,621	1.32
Work service	310,688 16,171,760	322,045 16,395,738	Dec.	223,978	3.53
Total train miles	16,171,760	10,000,700	Dec.	220,010	1.07
CAR MILEAGE Freight-Train Car Miles:					
Loaded	152,988,126 61,102,509	145,289,690 59,821,137	Inc.	7,698,436 1,281,372	5.30 2.14
Empty. Exclusive work equipment Caboose.	208,012 6,287,649	172,468 6,233,013	Inc.	35,544 54,636	20.61
Total freight-train car miles	220,586,296	211,516,308	Inc.	9,069,988	4.29
Passenger-Train Car Miles: • Passenger	28,003,587	29,379,220	Dec.	1,375,633	4.68
Sleeping and parlor	6,350,316 332,139	6,077,743 290,643	Inc.	272,573 41,496	4.48
Other	17,512,849	17,800,125	Dec.	287,276	1.61
Total passenger-train car miles	52,198,891	53,547,731	Dec.	1,348,840	2.52
Mixed-Train Car Miles:					
Freight — Loaded . Freight — Empty .	348,943 139,349	383,000 117,179	Dec. Inc.	34,057 22,170	8.89
Exclusive work equipment	1,362	2,115	Dec.	753	35.60
Caboose Passenger carrying	2,417 114,007	137,163	Inc. Dec.	2,353 23,156	16.88
Other passenger	22,266 628,344	26,226 665,747	Dec.	3,960	15.10
		07.000	Dec.	3,361	5.15
Special-Train Car Miles: Freight service	61 021		Dec.		2.66
Freight service. Passenger service.	61,921 167,504	65,282 172,073	Dec.	4,569	
Freight service		172,073 237,355		7,930	3-34
Freight service Passenger service.  Total special-train car miles  Total transportation service.	167,504 229,425 273,642,956	172,073 237,355 265,967,141	Dec. Dec.	7,930	2.89
Freight service. Passenger service.  Total special-train car miles	167,504 229,425	172,073 237,355	Dec.	7,930	3-34

<sup>\*</sup> Includes electric locomotive miles.

\*\* Proportioned to Freight and Passenger Service, in computing Train Mile Statistics, on basis of freight and passenger car miles in mixed trains.

#### REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE

OF THE

#### SINKING FUND

FOR REDEMPTION OF

#### BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD

#### INPROVEMENT BONDS

\$1,919,000 AT 4 PER CENT

DATED FEBRUARY 1, 1887, DUE FEBRUARY 1, 1937

1925		00 000 701 00
January 1	Balance	\$2,333,791 62
December 31	Income for year	123,736 16
December 31	Polones Dermonts to Fund \$1,000,970,00	120,700 10
	Balance — Payments to Fund	\$2,457,527 78
	Theome, etc	\$2,401,021 10
		Cost
	INVESTMENTS	(Including Accrued
Par Value		Interest)
\$41,000 00	3½% Bonds of Boston and Maine R.R. due 1925 (5% from April 1, 1925)	\$36,849 73
553,000 00	4 % Bonds of Boston and Maine R.R. due 1926.	449,629 46
17,000 00	4 % Bonds of Fitchburg R.R. Co. due 1927	11,678 59
7,000 00	4 % Bonds of Fitchburg R.R. Co. due 1927	5,437 44
916,000 00	4½% Bonds of Boston and Maine R.R. due 1929	
203,500 00	6 % Series F Mortgage Bonds of Boston and Maine R.R. due 1930	191,908 41 47,488 40
59,000 00 144,000 00	7 % Series I Mortgage Bonds of Boston and Maine R.R. due 1931	127,923 08
1,000 00	4 % Bonds of Worcester, Nashua and Rochester R.R. Co. due 1934	701 89
529,000 00	4 % Improvement Bonds of Boston and Maine R.R. due 1937	406,216 10
17,000 00	4 % Bonds of Boston and Maine R.R. due 1942	11,271 94
94,000 00	4½% Bonds of Boston and Maine R.R. due 1944	97,812 89
22,000 00	3 % Bonds of Boston and Maine R.R. due 1950	16,940 00
25,900 00	Stock of Boston and Maine R.R. First Preferred Class A (259 shares)	37,037 00
3,100 00	Stock of Boston and Maine R.R. First Preferred Class D (31 shares)	7,734 50
3,480 00	Subscription to Boston and Maine R.R. Prior Preference Stock	3,480 00
30,000 00	3½% Bonds of N. Y., N. H. & H. R.R. Co. due 1954	24,130 00
40,000 00	4 % Bonds of N. Y., N. H. & H. R.R. Co. due 1956	37,333 46
45,000 00	4 % Bonds of Portland Union Ry. Station Co. due 1927	45,301 56
20,000 00	4 % Bonds of Portland Union Ry. Station Co. due 1929	20,075 55
18,000 00	4½% Bonds of Portland & Odgensburg Ry. due 1928	18,931 50
8,000 00	4 % Bonds of European & No. American Ry. due 1933	9,198 24
15,000 00	5 % Bonds of Concord & Claremont, N. H. R.R. due 1944	15,002 08
20,000 00	4½% Bonds of Pennsylvania R.R. Co. due 1960	19,431 25 14,984 33
20,000 00 20,000 00	4 % Bonds of Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Co. due 1989	
10,000 00	4½% Bonds of Great Northern Ry. Co. due 1961.	9,748 92
17,000 00	4½% U. S. Government Liberty Bonds — 3rd Loan.	17,000 00
\$2,898,980 00	Total	
<u>\$2,000,000 00</u>		
	Cash	4,213 18
	Grand Total	\$2,457,527 78

BOSTON SAFE DEPOSIT AND TRUST CO., Trustee,

FRANCIS J. BURRAGE, Secretary.

Boston, Mass., December 31, 1925.

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME ACCOUNT

Including the Boston and Maine Railroad, and Leased Lines, Vermont Valley Railroad, Sullivan County Railroad, York Harbor and Beach Railroad Company, Mount Washington Railway Company, Montpelier and Wells River Railroad, and Barre and Chelsea Railroad Company with inter-company transactions for rental of road, interest and dividends eliminated.

#### YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1925, COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS YEAR

	Year Ended December 31, 1925	Year Ended December 31, 1924
OPERATING REVENUES: Freight Passenger Mail Express Other Transportation Incidental	\$51,826,595 89 20,308,830 99 1,320,328 42 3,140,057 23 3,504,309 30 2,103,854 25 6,860 74	\$49,556,763 48 21,852,788 82 1,340,684 55 2,910,436 03 3,360,096 05 2,097,637 65 6,415 16
Joint Facility Operating Revenues.  Total Operating Revenues.	\$82,210,836 82	\$81,124,821 74
OPERATING EXPENSES:  Maintenance of Way and Structures.  Maintenance of Equipment.  Traffic.  Transportation.  Miscellaneous.  General.	\$10,379,487 58 15,998,068 48 806,764 64 33,118,374 96 295,297 33 2,931,807 07	\$10,383,492 09 16,637,395 13 709,369 52 34,767,052 73 283,705 98 2,796,275 24
Transportation for Investment — Cr.	2,358 78 \$63,527,441 28	\$65,575,644 58
Total Operating Expenses	212 222 222 22	\$15,549,177 16
Tax Accruals Uncollectible Railway Revenues	\$3,217,411 27 18,641 23	\$3,146,685 32 12,087 96
Total	\$3,236,052 50	\$3,158,773 28
Operating Income.  Rents from Other Equipment (excluding Freight Cars)  Joint Facility Rent Income.	\$15,447,343 04 452,830 71 134,666 34	\$12,390,403 88 423,195 33 162,233 42
Total	\$16,034,840 09	\$12,975,832 63
Hire of Freight Cars — Debit Balance: Rents for Other Equipment Joint Facility Rents	\$2,909,087 90 434,795 56 327,491 59	\$2,614,451 75 458,654 86 391,703 36
Total		\$3,464,809 97
Net Railway Operating Income	\$12,363,465 04	\$9,511,022 66
Other Income: Income from Lease of Road. Miscellaneous Rent Income. Miscellaneous Nonoperating Physical Property Dividend Income. Income from Funded Securities Income from Unfunded Securities and Accounts Income from Sinking and Other Reserve Funds Release of Premiums on Funded Debt Miscellaneous Income.  Total Other Income Total Income.	\$18,000 00 286,309 06 11,663 16 52,360 00 54,266 83 250,378 01 11,662 83 33,770 83 8,207 94 \$726,618 66 \$13,090,083 70	\$18,000 00 297,609 81 4,630 97 52,460 00 4,514 00 126,163 98 11,954 26 41,604 44 Dr. 269,402 64 \$287,534 82 \$9,798,557 48
Other Deductions from Income: Rent for Leased Roads. Miscellaneous Rents. Interest on Funded Debt Interest on Unfunded Debt. Amortization of Discount on Funded Debt Miscellaneous Income Charges  Total Other Deductions. Net Income	5,200 00 \$7,698,241 27	\$1,014,841 39 6,479 82 6,628,491 13 19,332 23 85,904 78 1,196 18 \$7,756,245 53 \$2,042,311 98

No. 17 INCOME ACCOUNT, NET CHANGES IN PROFIT AND LOSS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1910 TO 1917, INCLUSIVE, AND

-		1		Years En	ded June 30			
	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917
OPERATING REVENUES:							1	
Freight	\$25,451,237	\$25,891,481	\$26,811,513	\$28,692,689	\$27,912,397	\$26,912,397	\$31,963,489	\$33,909,48
Passenger	14,876,069	15,757,698	15,937,565	16,303,394	16,111,548	15,502,197	15,028,317	
Mail	446,127	445,124	445,593	447,667	492,764	487,727	475,411	
Express	1,228,423	1,256,217	1,217,398	1,293,761	1,218,780	1,286,819	1,583,458	
Other	1,847,335	2,018,973	2,225,530	2,508,339	2,424,797	2,483,909	3,024,753	
Total Operating Revenues.	\$43,849,191	\$45,369,493	\$46,637,599	\$49,245,850	\$48,160,286	\$46,673,049	\$52,075,428	\$56,992,040
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Maint. of Way and Structures	\$5,286,756	\$6,128,638	\$5,877,494	\$5,501,310	\$6,700,913	\$7,197,017	\$5,986,603	
Maintenance of Equipment	5,473,577	6,296,341	6,463,029	7,809,657	7,835,146	6,697,311	6,588,044	, ,
Traffic	544,224	500,399	475,962	454,666	466,600	448,090	421,797	426,841
Transportation	19,227,665 228,887	21,378,120 223,477	21,383,638	23,211,934	22,434,904	20,178,333	21,757,066 206,157	26,085,259
General	1,019,971	1,107,901	279,623 1,111,362	305,028 1,363,259	248,878	200,170 1,188,851	1,238,292	1,363,339
Total Operating Expenses.					1,169,778			\$42,448,076
Operating Ratio	\$31,781,080 72.5%	\$35,634,876 78.5%	\$35,591,108 76.3%	\$38,645,854 78.5%	\$38,856,219	\$35,909,772 76.9%	\$36,197,959 69.5%	74.5%
Net Operating Revenue	\$12,068,111	\$9,734,617	\$11,046,491	\$10,599,996	\$9,304,067	\$10,763,277	\$15,877,469	\$14,543,964
Tax Accruals	\$2,076,880	\$2,089,905	\$2,086,863	\$2,025,629	\$2,059,017	\$1,978,223	\$1,986,267	\$2,123,477
Uncollectible Revenues			02,000,000		Φ2,009,017	5,944	2,624	1,236
Operating Income	\$9,991,231	\$7,644,712	\$8,959,628	\$8,574,367	\$7,245,050	\$8,779,110	\$13,888,578	\$12,419,251
RENTS FROM EQUIPMENT (Ex-								
cluding Freight Cars)	191,045	236,290	237,353	391,500	391,186	318,087	338,868	397,245
JOINT FACILITY RENT INCOME.	163,151	73,051	76,787	88,146	81,725	78,882	95,314	88,669
Total	\$10,345,427	\$7,954,053	\$9,273,768	\$9,054,013	\$7,717,961	\$9,176,079	\$14,322,760	\$12,905,165
Harman Francis D. D. D.	07700 004	4000 OFF					00 074 040	00 000 000
HIREOF FRT. CARS-Dr. Balance RENTS FOR OTHER EQUIPMENT.	\$763,884	\$888,655	\$1,078,561 222,788	\$1,817,232	\$1,583,774	\$1,196,325	\$2,074,248	\$2,898,307 354,750
JOINT FACILITY RENTS	179,831 44,530	196,216 48,367	166,422	322,583 163,079	342,816	307,264	318,560 150,181	159,464
Total	\$988,245	\$1,133,238	\$1,467,771	\$2,302,894	\$2,077,220	\$1,665,117	\$2,542,989	\$3,412,521
		@1,100,200	91,101,111	\$2,002,004	02,011,220	91,000,111		
Net Ry. Operating Income	\$9,357,182	\$6,820,815	\$7,805,997	\$6,751,119	\$5,640,741	\$7,510,962	\$11,779,771	\$9,492,644
OTHER INCOME	\$578,601	\$788,453	\$796,579	\$1,268,083	\$1,433,685	\$807,505	\$736,533	\$679,940
Adjustment (See Note A)								
Total Income	\$9,935,783	\$7,609,268	\$8,602,576	\$8,019,202	\$7,074,426	\$8,318,467	\$12,516.304	\$10,172,584
DEDUCTIONS:					ar.			
Rent for Leased Roads	\$5,296,827	\$5,385,054	\$5,194,378	\$5,312,700	\$5,487,629	\$5,589,406	\$5,626,029	\$5,653,960
Interest and Deductions	1,783,910	1,834,171	2,083,703	2,622,061	3,592,053	3,026,561	2,725,477	2,578,056
Other Deductions	6,969	5,270	5,462	5,959	10,701	8,177	17,103	10,535
Total Deductions	\$7,087,706	\$7,224,495	\$7,283,543	\$7,940,720	\$9,090,383	\$8,624,144	\$8,368,609	\$8,242,551
NET INCOME	\$2,848,077	\$384,773	\$1,319,033	\$78,482	D\$2,015,957	D \$305,677	\$4,147,695	\$1,930,033
INCOME APP. TO SINKING FUNDS	\$28,785	\$28,785	\$28,785	\$28,785	\$28,785	\$28,785	\$82,004	\$49,584
Additions and Betterments.	167,512							
DIVIDENDS	1,868,520	1,958,971	1,767,951	1,374,138				
of Preferred	6%	6%	6%	6%				
Dividends Common	6%	5.5%	4%	3%				
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS	\$2,064,817	\$1,987,756	\$1,796,736	\$1,402,923	\$28,785	\$28,785	\$82,004	\$49,584
Surplus or Deficit	\$783,260	D\$1,602,983	D \$477,703	D\$1,324,441	D\$2,044,742	D \$334,462	\$4,065,691	\$1,880,449
Cumulative Surplus or Deficit from 1910	\$783,260	D\$819,723	D\$1,297,426	D\$2,621,867	D\$4,666,609	D\$5,001,071	D\$935,380	\$945,069
NET ADDITIONS TO PROFIT AND								
Loss Account	\$950,495	*\$1,325,511	*\$472,822	*\$1,826,386	*\$3,139,081	*\$660,796	\$3,838,138	\$1,839,001
(Includes Contingent Fund)	,	,,	7.0,000	,5.10,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2300,700	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
PROFIT AND LOSS BALANCE	\$3,610,424	\$2,284,913	\$1,812,091	D \$14,295	D\$3,153,376	D\$3,814,172	\$23,966	\$1,862,967
REVENUE TONMILES (thousands)	2,346,444	2,365,046	2,460,990	2,721,196	2,635,138	2,416,458	2,961,598	3,257,060
PASSENGER MILES (thousands)	864,870	862,472	880,741	904,059	896,081	849,948	798,694	891,259

New accounting classifications were issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission, effective July 1, 1907, and July 1, 1914. In the above statement the accounts for the years prior to July 1, 1914, have been restated to conform to the present classification as far as it has been practicable to do so.

Net Deductions.

Deficit.

For the years 1918 to 1923 inclusive, the Corporate and Federal Income Accounts are combined and in order that balances carried to Profit and Loss may agree with Corporate Accounts an adjustment is made eliminating Federal Income Transactions and Clearance Accounts, "Revenues and Expenses prior to January 1, 1918."

No. 17 ACCOUNT, REVENUE TON MILES AND PASSENGER MILES CALENDAR YEARS 1916 TO 1925, INCLUSIVE

				Calenda	r Years				1
1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925
0.40 #0#		(See Note A)	(See Note A)	(See Note A)	(See Note A)	(See Note A)	(See Note A)		(See Note H
,640,587	\$35,080,737	\$43,085,397	\$43,303,141	\$53,306,738	\$47,660,728	\$48,264,270	\$53,409,041	\$47,944,422	\$51,422,292
,052,106	17,814,738	19,275,420	22,116,094	24,680,435	23,622,145	22,556,263	23,022,484	21,309,338	20,213,911
529,517	785,781	704,349	506,651	1,118,702	949,172	995,029	913,947	1,286,138	1,311,213
,735,536	2,032,565	2,615,678	2,870,930	2,624,962	1,571,474	2,919,859	3,122,184	2,804,753	3,126,301
	3,736,958	4,476,740	4,138,330	4,921,908	4,486,231	4,984,664	5,843,285	5,352,647	5,555,046
.383,545	\$59,450,779	\$70,157,584	\$72,935,146	\$86,652,745	\$78,289,750	\$79,720,085	\$86,310,941	\$78,697,298	\$81,628,763
,132,044	\$6,192,311	\$10,061,998	\$9,612,461	\$15,093,264	\$13,021,679	\$11,136,236	\$11,546,362	\$10,076,152	\$10,241,687
,088,573	8,786,745	14,231,202	15,287,526	20,168,923	15,920,613	16,093,525	19,489,240	16,289,365	15,893,992
430,298	446,565	481,035	498,722	704,051	710,784	658,822	659,343	694,260	799,145
,088,459	29,970,443	37,681,968	38,452,351	51,364,669	40,968,463	36,519,362	40,705,825	33,828,789	32,857,838
249,154	295,410	438,087	440,437	476,483	310,780	338,139	300,492	273,641	290,423
,263,188	1,473,467	1,885,361	2,852,566	3,182,042	2,901,153	2,418,509	2,574,326	2,750,349	2,904,378
,251,716 9.1%	\$47,164,941 79.3%	\$64,779,651 92.3%	\$67,144,063 92.1%	\$90,989,432 105.0%	\$73,833,472 94.3%	\$67,164,593 84.3%	\$75,275,588 87.1%	\$63,912,556 81.2%	\$62,987,463 77.2%
,131,829	\$12,285,838	\$5,377,933	\$5,791,083	D\$4,336,687	\$4,456,278	\$12,555,492	\$11,035,353	\$14,784,742	\$18,641,300
3,769	\$2,156,649	\$2,317,524	\$3,043,387	\$3,001,088	\$2,668,423	\$2,571,276	\$2,935,235	\$3,040,802	\$3,187,885
,036,971	\$10,125,398	\$3,060,285	1,062 \$2,746,634	48,126 D\$7,385,901	7,326	5,365	4,428	\$11,731,992	18,638 \$15,434,777
,000,571	\$10,120,098	\$3,000,233	\$2,740,034	D\$7,555,901	\$1,780,529	\$9,978,851	\$8,095,690	\$11,751,992	\$10,454,777
371,723	384,815	209,931	152,473	429,261	488,998	467,120	479,837	489,032	450,177
87,078	94,148	88,386	85,898	89,370	118,749	167,337	125,466	160,962	134,520
,495,772	\$10,604,361	\$3,358,602	\$2,985,005	D\$6,867,270	\$2,388,276	\$10,613,308	\$8,700,993	\$12,381,986	\$16,019,474
,561,724	\$2,954,175	\$1,526,911	\$877,363	\$4,416,809	\$3,193,312	\$3,740,761	\$4,853,576	\$2,592,303	\$2,868,390
336,851	363,777	162,411	54,853	419,024	372,407	447,334	553,143	436,477	416,107
152,815	144,186	166,084	303,489	215,117	224,325	128,928	215,033	381,184	327,162
,051,390	\$3.462.138	\$1,855,406	\$1,235,705	\$5,050,950	\$3,790,044	\$4,317,023	\$5,621,752	\$3,409,964	\$3,611.659
2,444,382	\$7,142,223	21 502 100	21 740 200	De11 019 000	DOI 101 700	ee 00e 00=	62.070.041	\$8,972,022	210 407 017
\$725,819	\$7,142,223	\$1,503,196	\$1,749,300	D\$11,918,220 B\$12,553,442	D\$1,401,768	\$6,296,285	\$3,079,241	\$466,492	\$12,407,815
	@100,800	\$591,023 6,258,604	\$565,039 5,712,538	6,247,212	\$1,047,995 735,665	\$797,012 Dr. 98,430	\$745,698 Dr. 89,070	\$100,102	\$987,311
.170,201	\$7,896,176	\$8,352,823	\$8,026,877	\$6,882,434	\$381,892	\$6,994,867	\$3,735,869	\$9,438,514	\$13,395,126
,659,634	05 005 000	05 500 004	0000 550	@0.0= 0.4=	0000 101	0000 070	2002.000	\$005 509	01 000 0F1
,621,364	\$5,695,962	\$5,562,924	\$928,550	\$927,845	\$923,181	\$920,376	\$902,363	\$925,523 6,733,724	\$1,229,351
12,274	2,523,024 11,467	2,522,643 9,355	4,440,478	5,310,330	6,066,567	6,038,772	6,319.301	6,530	6,691,666
,293,272			326	29,530	4,565	7,728	5,275		5,200
,255,272	\$8,230,453 D \$334,277	\$8,094,922	\$5,369,354	\$6,267,705	\$6,994,313	\$6,966,876	\$7,226,939	\$7,665,777	\$7,926,217
		\$257,901	\$2,657,523	\$614,729	D\$6,612,421	\$27,991	D \$3,491,070	\$1,772,737	\$5,468,909
\$86,055	\$85,107	\$87,330	\$96,559	\$410,978	\$205,836	\$239,620	\$271,714	\$147,560	\$156,234
			2,035,716	G 340,496 1,227,948	G 548,979	G 504,617	G 657,450	G 716,200	g 716,200
			C	E					
• • • • • • •				6.67%	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
\$86,055	\$85,107	\$87,330	\$2,132,275	\$1,979,422	\$754,815	\$744,237	\$929,164	\$863,760	\$872,434
790,874	D \$419.384	\$170,571	\$525,248	D\$1,364,693	D\$7,367,236	D \$716,246	D \$4,420,234	\$908,977	\$4,596,475
,026,728	\$1,607,344	\$1,777,915	\$2,303,163	\$938,470	D\$6,428,766		D\$11,565,246	D\$10,656,269	D86,059,794
	, , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						, , ,
.644,828	* \$473,515	\$198,727	F\$7,461,670	*\$1,980,854	*\$8,015,271	\$4,640,490	*\$4,640,461	\$3,140,419	*\$1,599
965,237	\$2,491,722	\$2,690,449	F\$10,152,119	\$8,171,265	\$155,994	\$4,796,484	\$156,023	\$3,296,442	\$3,294,843
191,616	3,341,898	3,612,615	3,283,719	3,705,528	2,673,769	2,689,915	3,103,817	2,744,214	2,955 885
849,859	926,966	882,382	976,112	1,014,735	876,113	847,482	867,728	772,428	. 740,127

B Includes Certificates amounting to \$11,500,000 issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission Account of the Guaranty Period Claim. Final settlement was made in 1923 for \$11,220,615.46, and the difference of \$279,384.54 charged to Profit and Loss. In accordance with I. C. C. instructions transfer of \$279,384.54 was made in 1924 from Profit and Loss to Other Income Account 519.

c First Preferred Class A Stock 4%, Class B 6.4%, Class C 5.6%, Class D 8%, and Class E 3.6%.

E First Preferred Class A Stock 2%, Class B 3.2%, Class C 2.8%, Class D 4%, and Class E 1.8%.

Includes Profit and Loss Accounts of Roads consolidated December 1, 1919.

G Equipment Trust Installments.

I Includes operation of Vermont Valley and Sullivan County Railroads.

# No. 18 YORK HARBOR AND BEACH RAILROAD COMPANY GENERAL BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 1925

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Investment in Road	\$333,599 90	*Capital Stock—6,000 shares—par \$50	\$300,000 0
Cash	17,951 37	Miscellaneous Accounts Payable	11,385 1
Time Drafts and Deposits	15,000 00	Tax Liability	Dr. 534 4.
Other Unadjusted Debits	299 55	Additions to Property through Income or Surplus	953 2
		Profit and Loss	55,046 9
Total	\$366,850 82	Total	\$366,850 8
		*5340 shares owned by Boston and Maine R.R.	•

#### INCOME ACCOUNT

#### YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1925, COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS YEAR

Operating Revenues:	Year Ended December 31, 1928	Year Ended December 31, 1924
Freight. Passenger. Other Transportation. Incidental.	18,746 08 10,683 70	\$23,587 82 33,334 29 7,316 11 957 46
Total Operating Revenues	. \$45,741 85	\$65,195 68
OPERATING EXPENSES:  Maintenance of Way and Structures.  Maintenance of Equipment.  Traffic.  Transportation.  General	. 2,254 89 . 700 85 . 26,105 28	\$11,826 92 2,647 63 900 95 38,403 22 1,545 34
Total Operating Expenses	. \$44,672 99	\$55,324 06
Net Operating Revenue		\$9,871 62
Tax Accruals	. 2,937 13	3,549 63
Operating Income	. (Loss)\$1,868 27	\$6,321 99
Hire of Freight Cars—Dr. Balance		\$5,416 98 4,967 72
Total	010 800 01	\$10,384 70
Net Railway Operating Income (Loss)		\$4,062 71
Other Income	. 1,916 25	723 28
Net Income (Loss)	. \$10,542 26	\$3,339 43

ROAD OPERATED	Miles of Road	Miles of Track
Kittery Junction to York Beach, Maine	11.18	11.18
Spur to U. S. Navy Yard	.35	.35
Side Tracks		1.27
Total Track	11.53	12.80

In June 1925 motor buses of the Boston and Maine Transportation Company were substituted for rail passenger service between Portsmouth, N. H. and York Beach, Me.

# No. 19 MOUNT WASHINGTON RAILWAY COMPANY GENERAL BALANCE SHEET

**DECEMBER 31, 1925** 

ASSETS		LIABILITIES		
Investment in Road and Equipment	\$190,347 53	*Capital Stock—2,115 shares	\$211,500	00
Land at Summit and Base of Mount	*	Miscellaneous Accounts Payable	130	
Washington, N. H	56,000 00	Dividend declared	10,575	00
Cash	26,525 27	Accrued Depreciation-Equipment	7,144	
Insurance Premiums Paid in Advance	856 12	Additions to Property through Income	,	
		or Surplus	15,777	62
		Accident Fund	12,500	
		Profit and Loss	16,101	
Total	\$273,728 92	Total	\$273,728	_
		*Entire stock owned by Boston and Maine R. R		

## INCOME ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1925, COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS YEAR

Operating Revenues:	Year Ended December 31, 1925	Year Ended December 31, 1924
Passenger	\$35,531 56	<b>\$</b> 36,025 96
Other Transportation	453 70	349 18
Incidental	7,726 65	7,764 88
Total Operating Revenues	\$43,711 91	\$44,140 02
Operating Expenses:		
Maintenance of Way and Structures	\$10,014 17	\$11,098 02
Maintenance of Equipment	4,410 09	4,163 32
Traffic	1,125 59	1,254 34
Transportation	11,196 43	10,634 86
Miscellaneous Operations.	4,874 50	4,841 16
General	194 07	234 64
Total Operating Expenses	\$31,814 85	\$32,226 34
Net Operating Revenue	<b>\$11,897</b> 06	\$11,913 68
Tax Aceruals	1,781 61	1,730 23
Operating Income	\$10,115 45	\$10,183 45
Other Income	510 23	251 49
Net Income	\$10,625 68	\$10,434 94
Dividends (5%)	10,575 00	10,575 00
Balance (Surplus)	\$50 68	(Loss) \$140 06

#### 

#### MONTPELIER AND WELLS RIVER RAILROAD

#### GENERAL BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 1925

ASSETS			LIABILITIES		
Investment in Road and Equipment	\$1,287,487	78	*Capital Stock—17,896 shares—par \$50	\$894,800	00
Improvements on Leased Railway			Nonnegotiable Debt to Affiliated		
Property	23	15	Companies	95,444	21
Miscellaneous Physical Property	12,332	65	Traffic and Car Service Balances		
Cash	20,000	00	Payable	18,492	25
Traffic and Car Service Balances			Audited Accounts and Wages Payable	15,870	92
Receivable	2,275	24	Miscellaneous Accounts Payable	469,301	14
Net Balance Receivable from Agents			Dividends Matured Unpaid	292	50
and Conductors	1,879	04	Unmatured Rents Accrued	500	00
Miscellaneous Accounts Receivable	10,354	43	Tax Liability	8,083	00
Material and Supplies	46,430	64	Accrued Depreciation—Equipment	46,743	97
Insurance Premiums Paid in Advance.	16	73	Other Unadjusted Credits	265	52
Other Unadjusted Debits	315	71	Additions to Property through Income		
			or Surplus	19,343	54
			Profit and Loss (Deficit)	188,021	68
Total	\$1,381,115	37	Total	\$1,381,115	37
			*17,882 shares owned by the Vermont Valle		

OWNED: Montpelier to Wells River, Vt	Miles of Road	Miles of Track 37.98
Montpelier to Tilden Bridge, Barre, Vt		3.85
Side Tracks		10.80
Total Miles Owned	41.83	52.63
Leased:		
Barre and Chelsea Railroad Co.:		
Tilden Bridge to Ayer St., Barre, Vt	1.67	1.67
Side Tracks		.74
Total Miles Leased	1.67	2.41
Grand Total Miles Operated	43.50	55.04

No. 21

#### MONTPELIER AND WELLS RIVER RAILROAD

#### INCOME ACCOUNT

#### YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1925, COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS YEAR

	Year Ende December 31		Year Ende December 31,	d 1924
Operating Revenues:				
Freight	\$210,984	53	\$241,822	57
Passenger			42,601	
Other Transportation			48,562	
Incidental	5,218	30	5,338	
Total Operating Revenues	\$309,277	48	\$338,325	42
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Maintenance of Way and Structures	\$82,246	02	\$89,210	77
Maintenance of Equipment	53,885	32	56,016	23
Traffic	4,109	32	4,223	79
Transportation		85	179,289	52
General	16,384	92	16,745	42
Total Operating Expenses	40-00	43	\$345,485	73
Net Operating Revenue (Loss)	\$19,577	95	\$7,160	31
Tax Aceruals		91	20,017	01
Uncollectible Railway Revenues	_	78	139	75
Operating Income (Loss)		64	\$27,317	07
Rents from Equipment (excluding freight cars)		15	2,326	
Joint Facility Rent Income	146	00	146	40
Total (Loss)	\$33,637	49	\$24,844	48
Hire of Freight Cars—Dr. Balance			\$40,384	
Rents for Other Equipment	13,950		14,266	
Joint Facility Rents	329		329	
Total	\$56,544	07	\$54,980	20
Net Railway Operating Income (Loss)			\$79,824	
Other Income	3,468	61	3,555	29
Total Income (Loss)			\$76,269	39
OTHER DEDUCTIONS	1,023	72	1,111	15
Net Income (Loss)	1,020		\$77,380	
2.00 2.000,000 (2000)	\$07,700	01	677,000	04

#### BARRE AND CHELSEA RAILROAD COMPANY

#### GENERAL BALANCE SHEET

#### **DECEMBER 31, 1925**

ASSETS		LIABILITI
Investment in Road and Equipment	. \$512,871 66	*Capital Stock—4,000 shares
Miscellaneous Physical Property	. 13,917 09	Traffic and Car Service Balance
Other Investments—Bonds	. 3,000 00	Payable
Cash	. 458,324 28	Audited Accounts and Wages Pa
Traffic and Car Service Balances		Dividends Matured Unpaid
Receivable	. 2,974 38	Tax Liability
Net Balance Receivable from Agents		Accrued Depreciation—Equipm
and Conductors	. 215 40	Other Unadjusted Credits
Miscellaneous Accounts Receivable	. 2,270 68	Additions to Property through
Material and Supplies	. 22,314 29	or Surplus
Rents Receivable	. 500 00	Profit and Loss
Other Unadjusted Debits	. 2,016 12	
Total	. \$1,018,403 90	Total

LIABILITIES		
*Capital Stock—4,000 shares	\$400,000	00
Traffic and Car Service Balances		
Payable	1,363	60
Audited Accounts and Wages Payable	5,301	21
Dividends Matured Unpaid	129	00
Tax Liability	3,539	50
Accrued Depreciation—Equipment	101,556	66
Other Unadjusted Credits	26	80
Additions to Property through Income		
or Surplus	8,235	47
Profit and Loss	498,251	66
Total	\$1,018,403,	90

\*3,989 shares owned by the Vermont Valley R.R. 10 """Boston and Maine R. R.

#### \*ROAD OPERATED

Ayer St., Barre, Vt., to Quarries and East Barre, Vt	21.48
Side Tracks	2.86
Total Track	24.34

<sup>•</sup> Does not include road from Tilden Bridge to Ayer St., Barre, Vt., 1.67 mile, leased to the Montpelier and Wells River Railroad.

No. 23

#### BARRE AND CHELSEA RAILROAD COMPANY

#### INCOME ACCOUNT

#### YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1925, COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS YEAR

	Year Endo December 31,		Year End December 31,	
PERATING REVENUES:				
Freight	. \$177,988	18	\$185,219	91
Other Transportation	. 3,627	90	4,625	25
Incidental	. 1,726	00	604	00
Total Operating Revenues	. \$183,342	08	\$190,449	16
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Maintenance of Way and Structures	\$31,523	58	\$31,338	34
Maintenance of Equipment.	10 500		62,233	
Traffic	1 000		1,680	
Transportation	51 005		56,043	
General	0.00=	37	7,081	
Total Operating Expenses	0104 005	00	\$158,377	40
Net Operating Revenue		08	\$32,071	76
Γax Accruals	7,951	00	8,720	99
Operating Income	. \$40,756	08	\$23,350	77
Hire of Freight Cars—Cr. Balance.	7,418	20	17,034	05
Rents From Other Equipment			1	43
Net Railway Operating Income.		28	\$40,386	25
Other Income			14,986	
Net Income	. \$61,201	58	\$55,372	55
	40,000	00	40,000	00
Dividends (10%)			-	
Balance—Surplus	\$21,201	58	\$15,372	55

#### BOSTON AND MAINE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY

(Operations began May 17, 1925)

REVENUES	Year Ended Dec. 31, 1925
Freight Passenger Special Bus Revenue Mail Revenue Other Transportation Revenue Station and Bus Privileges Income from Unfunded Securities and Accounts	\$35,819 24 109,594 83 4,264 85 333 59 25 39 318 75 146 26
Total Revenues	\$150,502 91
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Maintenance of Way and Structures:  Removal of Snow and Ice	\$30 50 603 04
Maintenance of Equipment: Superintendence. Repairs, Buses and Trucks. Repairs and Renewals of Tires and Tubes. Miscellaneous.	2,227 36 2,367 67 7,891 08 1,761 09
Power	11,676 46
Transportation: Superintendence. Chauffeurs. Garage Employees and Expenses. Miscellaneous.	11,086 00 17,229 23 5,149 76 9,818 47
Traffic: Superintendence and Solicitation Advertising.	2,007 41 4,881 81
Rent of Equipment	63,238 69
General: Salaries and Expenses of General Office. Insurance. Miscellaneous. Total Operating Expenses Net Revenues.	$\begin{array}{r} 4,232 \ 56 \\ 5,356 \ 50 \\ 167 \ 57 \\ \hline \hline \$149,725 \ 20 \\ \$777 \ 71 \\ \hline \end{array}$
Tax Accruals.  Net Loss.  Dividends.	\$6,112 82 \$5,335 11 138 16
Balance — Deficit.	\$5,473 27



